

# **Supervisory Banking Statistics**

Third quarter 2017

# January 2018

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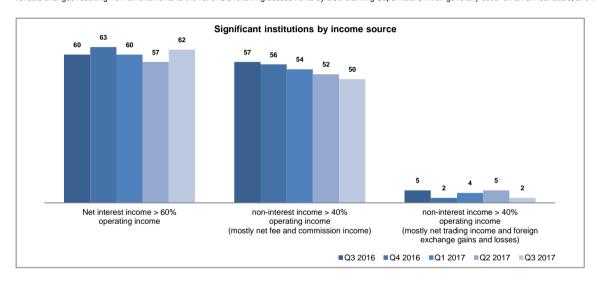
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# T01.01 Significant institutions by classification (income source)

(number of institutions)

Category	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	60	63	60	57	62
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income					
Mostly net fee and commission income	57	56	54	52	50
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	5	2	4	5	2
Total	122	121	118	114	114

Source: ECB.

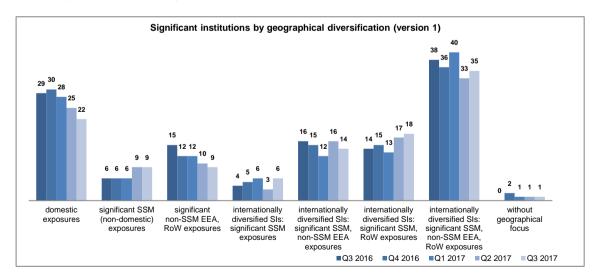


# T01.01 Significant institutions by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (number of institutions)

Category	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	29	30	28	25	22
Banks with significant international exposures 2)					
One geographical area					
SSM	6	6	6	9	9
Non-SSM EEA 3) and RoW 4)	15	12	12	10	9
Internationally diversified 5)					
SSM <sup>6)</sup>	4	5	6	3	6
SSM and non-SSM EEA	16	15	12	16	14
SSM and RoW	14	15	13	17	18
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	38	36	40	33	35
Banks without geographically focused exposures 7)	-	2	1	1	1
Total	122	121	118	114	114

### Source: ECB.

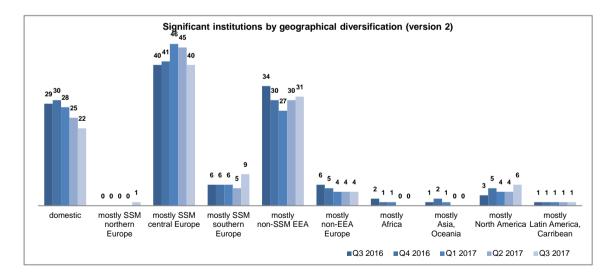
- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 5) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 7) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.



T01.01 Significant institutions by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (number of institutions)

Category	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	29	30	28	25	22
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures					
SSM (northern Europe) 2)	=	-	-	-	1
SSM (central Europe) 2)	40	41	46	45	40
SSM (southern Europe) 2)	6	6	6	5	9
Non-SSM EEA 3)	34	30	27	30	31
Non-EEA Europe <sup>4)</sup>	6	5	4	4	4
Africa	2	1	1	-	-
Asia and Oceania	1	2	1	-	-
North America	3	5	4	4	6
Latin America and the Caribbean	1	1	1	1	1
Total	122	121	118	114	114

- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) European countries not in the EEA.



## T01.01 Significant institutions by classification (size)

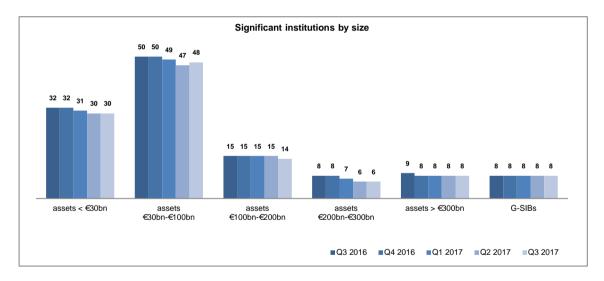
(number of institutions)

Category	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Banks with total assets					
Less than €30 billion	32	32	31	30	30
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	50	50	49	47	48
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	15	15	15	15	14
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	8	8	7	6	6
More than €300 billion	9	8	8	8	8
G-SIBs 1)	8	8	8	8	8
Total	122	121	118	114	114

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.



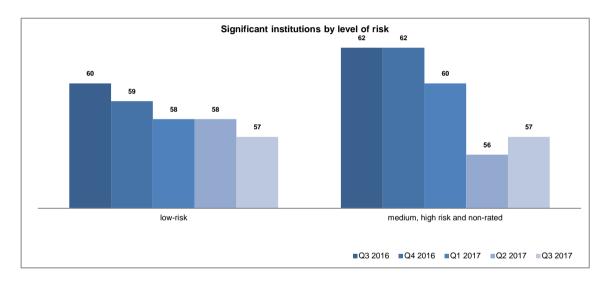
# T01.01 Significant institutions by classification (risk-based) (number of institutions)

Category	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Banks with low risk	60	59	58	58	57
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	62	62	60	56	57
Total	122	121	118	114	114

### Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

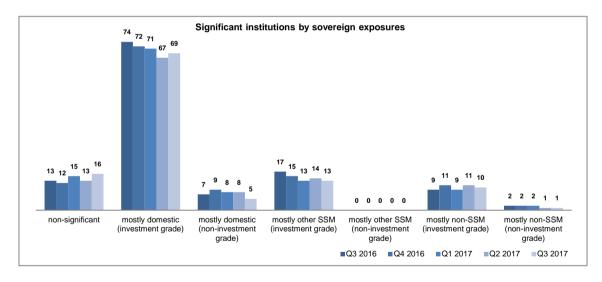
1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.



# T01.01 Significant institutions by classification (sovereign exposures) (number of institutions)

Category	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Banks with sovereign exposures					
Non-significant	13	12	15	13	16
Mostly domestic					
Investment grade	74	72	71	67	69
Non-investment grade	7	9	8	8	5
Mostly to other SSM countries					
Investment grade	17	15	13	14	13
Non-investment grade	-	-	-	-	-
Mostly to non-SSM countries					
Investment grade	9	11	9	11	10
Non-investment grade	2	2	2	1	1
Total	122	121	118	114	114

Source: ECB.



T01.02 Significant institutions by location of ultimate parent

(number of institutions)

Country (Q3 2017)	Total	Groups with ultimate parent in SSM <sup>2)</sup>	Groups with ultimate parent in EEA (outside SSM) 3)	Groups with ultimate parent outside EEA 4)
Belgium	7	6	0	1
Germany	21	19	1	1
Estonia	2	0	2	0
Ireland	5	3	1	1
Greece	4	4	0	0
Spain	13	13	0	0
France	11	10	1	0
Italy	11	11	0	0
Cyprus	4	4	0	0
Latvia	3	1	2	0
Lithuania	3	0	3	0
Luxembourg	4	2	0	2
Malta	3	1	1	1
Netherlands	6	6	0	0
Austria	8	5	0	3
Portugal	3	3	0	0
Slovenia	3	3	0	0
Slovakia 1)	0	0	0	0
Finland	3	2	1	0
Total	114	93	12	9

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

<sup>2)</sup> Groups with ultimate parent in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM): refers to significant institutions supervised by ECB at the highest level of consolidation.

<sup>3)</sup> Groups with ultimate parent in the European Economic Area (EEA): refers to significant institutions supervised by ECB, whose highest level of consolidation is outside the SSM and in the EEA.

<sup>4)</sup> Groups with ultimate parent outside EEA: refers to significant institutions supervised by ECB, whose highest level of consolidation is outside the EEA.

T01.03 Total assets by location of ultimate parent (percentages)

Country (Q3 2017)	Groups with ultimate parent in SSM <sup>2)</sup>	Groups with ultimate parent in EEA (outside SSM) 3)	Groups with ultimate parent outside EEA 4)
Belgium	94.50%	-	5.50%
Germany	98.62%	0.40%	0.98%
Estonia	-	100.00%	-
Ireland	74.42%	10.47%	15.10%
Greece	100.00%	-	-
Spain	100.00%	-	-
France	97.89%	2.11%	-
Italy	100.00%	-	-
Cyprus	100.00%	-	-
Latvia	30.20%	69.80%	-
Lithuania	-	100.00%	-
Luxembourg	72.45%	-	27.55%
Malta	59.17%	27.91%	12.92%
Netherlands	100.00%	-	-
Austria	88.41%	-	11.59%
Portugal	100.00%	-	-
Slovenia	100.00%	-	-
Slovakia 1)	-	-	-
Finland	83.47%	16.53%	-
Total	97.69%	1.28%	1.02%

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

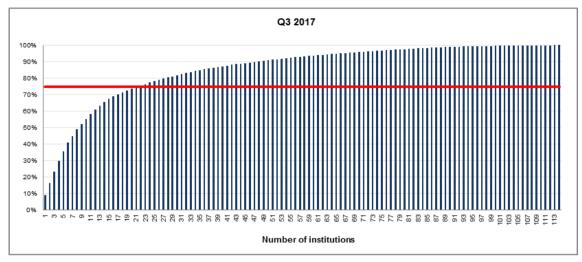
<sup>2)</sup> Groups with ultimate parent in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM): refers to significant institutions supervised by ECB at the highest level of consolidation.

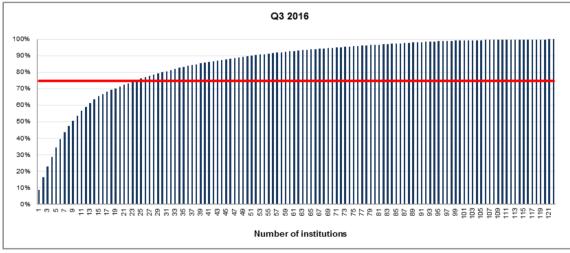
<sup>3)</sup> Groups with ultimate parent in European Economic Area (EEA): refers to significant institutions supervised by ECB, whose highest level of consolidation is outside the SSM and in the EEA.

<sup>4)</sup> Groups with ultimate parent outside EEA: refers to significant institutions supervised by ECB, whose highest level of consolidation is outside the EEA.

### T01.04 Concentration of total assets

(cumulative percentages of total assets)





### Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

The charts show the cumulative percentage of the total assets in the sample which is covered when the total assets of each institution, ordered from the largest to the smallest, are added. For instance, it is shown that the largest institution in the sample accounts for almost 10% and the 20 largest institutions represent approximately 75% of the total assets in the sample. The solid line in red corresponds to the 75th percentile.

T02.01.1 Profit and loss figures by reference period (EUR millions)

Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup>	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Net interest income	198,353.91	262,411.92	66,347.55	130,608.99	194,529.99
Net fee and commission income	98,478.85	130,306.64	34,358.82	68,631.89	101,654.29
Net trading income	17,281.26	23,133.04	11,203.82	20,212.37	28,051.18
Exchange differences, net	2,726.11	2,979.05	677.64	315.15	547.74
Net other operating income	31,961.01	42,963.05	6,414.27	18,112.46	21,219.15
Operating income 3)	348,801.13	461,793.69	119,002.09	237,880.86	346,002.35
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-223,723.56	-303,829.56	-78,016.83	-149,213.54	-218,645.15
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	125,077.58	157,964.13	40,985.26	88,667.31	127,357.20
Impairment and provisions 4)	-54,908.05	-101,805.27	-15,119.97	-34,953.68	-47,115.70
Other	9,877.02	11,497.20	6,912.22	10,915.89	15,056.51
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	80,046.55	67,656.05	32,777.51	64,629.52	95,298.01
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	-2,204.22	-13.21	С	975.89	3,164.86
Tax expenses or income	-20,680.86	-22,586.22	С	-15,824.64	-23,565.51
Net profit/loss	57,161.47	45,056.62	25,243.83	49,780.76	74,897.35

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.
- 2) Figures reported are year-to-date.
- 3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.
- 4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".
- 5) This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".

# T02.01.2 Profit and loss figures by country

(EUR millions)

Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Belgium	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Italy	Cyprus
Net interest income	194,529.99	4,561.82	23,948.73	С	4,265.37	5,036.74	49,632.60	50,612.82	20,252.02	911.75
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	2,270.50	15,033.33	С	С	896.23	17,491.47	36,992.70	16,252.74	203.49
Net trading income	28,051.18	535.55	4,957.67	С	302.16	10.87	1,770.67	17,775.46	1,501.34	3.49
Exchange differences, net	547.74	С	272.97	С	С	18.06	661.03	-1,822.95	253.71	53.48
Net other operating income	21,219.15	С	2,175.85	С	678.51	289.49	1,747.81	5,087.91	8,779.06	70.68
Operating income 3)	346,002.35	7,790.85	46,388.55	С	6,719.91	6,251.40	71,303.57	108,645.95	47,038.88	1,242.88
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	-4,672.65	-34,929.36	С	-4,006.38	-3,067.43	-36,465.79	-77,438.96	-28,377.55	-625.29
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	3,118.21	11,459.19	С	2,713.53	3,183.97	34,837.77	31,206.99	18,661.32	617.59
Impairment and provisions 4)	-47,115.70	С	-3,779.56	С	-172.00	-2,883.17	-18,159.49	-3,972.62	-14,076.86	-1,127.46
Other	15,056.51	С	931.18	С	96.93	-17.58	2,756.10	4,916.33	5,410.48	-0.94
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	3,207.98	8,610.81	С	2,638.45	283.22	19,434.37	32,150.69	9,994.95	-510.81
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	3,164.86	С	С	С	С	-225.41	0.00	17.32	3,305.18	0.00
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	С	С	С	С	-129.24	-5,358.26	-8,532.94	-487.25	-81.72
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	2,441.31	5,755.56	С	2,230.89	-71.43	14,076.12	23,635.08	12,812.88	-592.53

Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia 6)	Finland
Net interest income	С	210.02	649.96	284.03	22,814.93	7,106.82	2,306.59	341.77	-	1,212.24
Net fee and commission income	104.22	132.79	898.35	88.18	4,793.95	3,126.76	1,102.53	178.45	-	614.01
Net trading income	26.73	8.01	С	С	362.45	204.89	302.92	13.44	-	С
Exchange differences, net	С	12.37	С	С	С	36.85	171.21	1.55	-	С
Net other operating income	10.45	С	148.55	6.29	С	221.81	-111.76	23.88	-	С
Operating income 3)	С	С	1,819.42	404.31	30,042.67	10,697.13	3,771.49	559.09	-	2,323.20
Administrative expenses and depreciation	С	С	-1,297.45	-228.87	-16,565.26	-6,776.01	-2,229.73	-344.79	-	-1,175.84
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	С	С	521.96	175.44	13,477.41	3,921.13	1,541.76	214.30	-	1,147.35
Impairment and provisions 4)	1.97	С	С	С	-890.91	-393.74	-1,622.71	С	-	С
Other	С	0.00	С	С	198.07	524.71	С	С	-	С
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	165.14	156.87	519.28	188.39	12,784.56	4,052.10	С	283.91	-	1,112.57
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	С	С	0.00	-	0.00
Tax expenses or income	-20.51	-28.97	-90.60	-57.92	-3,420.64	С	-296.46	-11.91	-	-183.48
Net profit/loss	144.63	С	428.68	130.47	9,363.92	3,240.50	-224.64	272.00	-	929.09

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

<sup>2)</sup> Figures reported are year-to-date.

<sup>3)</sup> Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

<sup>4)</sup> Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

<sup>5)</sup> This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".

<sup>6)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (income source)

			Banks with non-interest income mo	ore than 40% of operating income
Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	Mostly net fee and commission income	Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses
Net interest income	194,529.99	С	84,608.31	С
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	С	68,379.76	С
Net trading income	28,051.18	С	17,418.09	С
Exchange differences, net	547.74	С	-724.29	С
Net other operating income	21,219.15	С	17,341.60	С
Operating income 3)	346,002.35	С	187,023.47	С
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	С	-128,645.39	С
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	С	58,378.08	С
Impairment and provisions 4)	-47,115.70	С	-21,552.70	С
Other	15,056.51	С	10,662.11	С
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	С	47,487.49	С
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	3,164.86	С	3,398.67	С
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	С	-10,741.29	С
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	С	40,144.87	С

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

<sup>1)</sup> Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

<sup>2)</sup> Figures reported are year-to-date.

<sup>3)</sup> Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted. In instances where this item is negative, the allocation of the bank to one of the three categories is based on the area of activity which is dominant for that bank. This is identified by taking the highest of the absolute values of net interest income, net fee and commission income and net trading income (including foreign exchange gains and losses) in the reference period considered. In such circumstances, a bank classified under the "mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses" category can have a smaller amount of trading income compared with the other two categories.

<sup>4)</sup> Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

<sup>5)</sup> This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (EUR millions)

				Banks	with significant in	ternational exposu	ures <sup>7)</sup>		
Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup>		Banks with significant	One geogra	aphical area			Banks without		
(Q3 2017)	Total	domestic exposures <sup>6)</sup>	SSM	Non-SSM EEA <sup>8)</sup> and RoW <sup>9)</sup>	SSM <sup>11)</sup>	SSM and non-SSM EEA	SSM and RoW	SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	geographically focused exposures <sup>12)</sup>
Net interest income	194,529.99	12,095.56	7,401.42	3,290.93	С	10,936.84	49,663.01	108,865.26	С
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	8,643.19	3,158.56	1,316.70	С	3,324.14	30,318.92	53,839.19	С
Net trading income	28,051.18	202.09	68.78	154.14	С	1,376.96	4,112.61	22,081.28	С
Exchange differences, net	547.74	-35.93	93.77	103.58	26.08	С	1,747.53	-1,838.55	С
Net other operating income	21,219.15	3,905.78	391.98	-3.57	361.28	С	3,551.48	11,989.13	С
Operating income 3)	346,002.35	24,810.69	11,114.51	4,861.78	С	17,155.04	89,393.54	194,936.31	С
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	-16,890.17	-6,867.61	-2,350.79	С	-9,515.09	-56,794.34	-123,781.64	С
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	7,920.52	4,246.90	2,510.99	С	7,639.94	32,599.21	71,154.67	С
Impairment and provisions 4)	-47,115.70	-8,603.43	С	С	-604.82	-2,130.09	-8,657.40	-22,916.42	С
Other	15,056.51	3,896.18	С	С	405.79	419.51	4,165.93	4,667.23	С
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	3,213.27	С	С	С	5,929.36	28,107.74	52,905.48	С
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	3,164.86	636.40	С	С	0.00	-130.33	94.89	С	С
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	-241.38	-515.36	-252.89	-176.78	-1,072.57	-7,927.65	С	С
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	3,608.29	2,900.87	293.27	С	4,726.46	20,274.98	42,227.97	С

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- 2) Figures reported are year-to-date.
- 3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.
- 4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and quarantees given" and "other provisions".
- 5) This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".
- 6) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7 International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 8) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 9) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 10) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 11) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 12) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (EUR millions)

					l	Banks with lare	gest non-dome	stic exposures	6		
Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures <sup>6)</sup>	SSM northern Europe <sup>7)</sup>	SSM central Europe <sup>7)</sup>	SSM southern Europe <sup>7)</sup>	Non-SSM EEA <sup>8)</sup>	Non-EEA Europe <sup>9)</sup>	Africa	Asia and Oceania		Latin America and the Caribbean
Net interest income	194,529.99	12,095.56	С	63,128.29	17,680.30	64,478.36	945.67	-	-	23,217.61	С
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	8,643.19	С	27,347.05	12,560.42	31,125.19	286.42	-	-	17,799.46	С
Net trading income	28,051.18	202.09	С	8,576.23	1,659.60	12,153.88	69.65	-	-	5,015.03	С
Exchange differences, net	547.74	-35.93	С	-773.02	480.63	-95.21	10.35	-	-	397.36	С
Net other operating income	21,219.15	3,905.78	С	7,200.02	74.16	8,280.12	98.62	-	-	1,501.76	С
Operating income 3)	346,002.35	24,810.69	С	105,478.58	32,455.12	115,942.33	1,410.70	-	-	47,931.21	С
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	-16,890.17	С	-67,973.72	-21,803.29	-65,754.00	-758.06	-	-	-36,222.33	С
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	7,920.52	С	37,504.85	10,651.84	50,188.33	652.64	-	-	11,708.88	С
Impairment and provisions 4)	-47,115.70	-8,603.43	С	-7,416.95	-3,247.87	-22,250.50	С	-	-	-1,834.90	С
Other	15,056.51	3,896.18	С	3,691.98	3,101.79	2,831.76	С	-	-	758.86	С
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	3,213.27	С	33,779.89	10,505.76	30,769.59	498.35	-	-	10,632.84	С
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	3,164.86	636.40	С	С	С	-189.89	0.00	-	-	0.00	С
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	-241.38	С	С	С	-6,918.81	-92.61	-	-	-3,169.86	С
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	3,608.29	С	27,673.43	7,818.81	23,660.89	405.74		-	7,462.98	С

### Source: FCB

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- 2) Figures reported are year-to-date.
- 3) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.
- 4) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and quarantees given" and "other provisions".
- 5) This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".
- 6) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 8) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the SSM.
- 9) European countries not in the EEA.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (size) (EUR millions)

		Banks with total assets						
Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	Between €200 billion and €300 billion	More than €300 billion	G-SIBs <sup>6)</sup>	
Net interest income	194,529.99	4,005.21	25,255.49	14,692.52	12,939.16	43,156.40	94,481.21	
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	2,227.43	9,144.58	7,621.66	6,301.84	22,753.81	53,604.97	
Net trading income	28,051.18	246.24	1,262.66	893.97	795.52	2,919.26	21,933.53	
Exchange differences, net	547.74	101.19	514.51	70.90	335.93	357.79	-832.57	
Net other operating income	21,219.15	249.48	4,398.17	2,811.60	708.32	8,647.43	4,404.15	
Operating income 3)	346,002.35	6,829.55	40,575.41	26,090.64	21,080.77	77,834.69	173,591.29	
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	-4,415.71	-22,576.74	-17,105.20	-13,695.18	-44,729.49	-116,122.84	
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	2,413.85	17,998.67	8,985.45	7,385.59	33,105.20	57,468.44	
Impairment and provisions 4)	-47,115.70	-1,434.34	-7,395.84	-8,006.23	-2,089.98	-11,913.39	-16,275.92	
Other	15,056.51	286.40	752.78	4,154.37	1,091.46	4,131.80	4,639.70	
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	1,265.90	11,355.62	5,133.58	6,387.07	25,323.61	45,832.22	
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	3,164.86	15.15	-148.19	С	0.00	С	С	
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	-310.85	-2,662.88	С	-1,283.28	С	С	
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	970.20	8,544.55	4,886.15	5,103.79	20,189.52	35,203.14	

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

<sup>2)</sup> Figures reported are year-to-date.

<sup>3)</sup> Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

<sup>4)</sup> Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

<sup>5)</sup> This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".

<sup>6)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (risk-based) (EUR millions)

Profit and loss <sup>2) 3)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Net interest income	194,529.99	133,882.66	60,647.34
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	69,022.09	32,632.20
Net trading income	28,051.18	22,187.30	5,863.88
Exchange differences, net	547.74	-941.40	1,489.14
Net other operating income	21,219.15	14,791.31	6,427.84
Operating income 4)	346,002.35	238,941.95	107,060.40
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	-144,717.98	-73,927.17
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	94,223.97	33,133.23
Impairment and provisions 5)	-47,115.70	-24,606.67	-22,509.03
Other	15,056.51	7,880.70	7,175.81
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	77,498.00	17,800.01
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation <sup>6)</sup>	3,164.86	17.06	3,147.79
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	-19,481.28	-4,084.23
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	58,033.78	16,863.57

- 2) Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December,
- a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.
- 3) Figures reported are year-to-date.
- 4) Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.
- 5) Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".
- 6) This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T02.01.3 Profit and loss figures by classification (sovereign exposures) (EUR millions)

		Banks with sovereign exposures								
Profit and loss <sup>1) 2)</sup>			Mostly do	omestic	Mostly to other	SSM countries	Mostly to non-SSM countries			
(Q3 2017)	Total	Non-significant	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade		
Net interest income	194,529.99	4,601.10	87,078.74	С	18,501.65	-	80,104.99	С		
Net fee and commission income	101,654.29	2,080.05	55,085.56	С	5,133.37	=	38,627.03	С		
Net trading income	28,051.18	412.40	7,193.05	С	1,087.10	=	19,363.58	С		
Exchange differences, net	547.74	113.34	1,998.04	С	24.02	=	-1,603.46	С		
Net other operating income	21,219.15	1,623.85	14,094.83	С	1,866.14	=	3,481.48	С		
Operating income 3)	346,002.35	8,830.73	165,450.22	С	26,612.28	-	139,973.62	С		
Administrative expenses and depreciation	-218,645.15	-4,558.33	-104,088.98	С	-15,861.14	=	-91,516.32	С		
Net income before impairment, provisions and taxes	127,357.20	4,272.40	61,361.24	С	10,751.13	-	48,457.30	С		
Impairment and provisions 4)	-47,115.70	-1,203.75	-24,824.03	С	-1,619.94	=	-17,199.55	С		
Other	15,056.51	100.32	11,208.87	С	390.15	-	3,351.11	С		
Profit and loss before tax from continued operation	95,298.01	3,168.97	47,746.08	С	9,521.35	-	34,608.86	С		
Profit and loss before tax from discontinued operation 5)	3,164.86	С	3,401.05	-163.54	С	-	С	С		
Tax expenses or income	-23,565.51	С	-9,614.82	-146.44	С	-	С	С		
Net profit/loss	74,897.35	2,267.44	41,532.31	С	6,747.58	-	24,421.18	С		

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Profit and loss statement figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

<sup>2)</sup> Figures reported are year-to-date.

<sup>3)</sup> Operating income before administrative expenses and depreciation are deducted.

<sup>4)</sup> Provisions include provisions for "commitments and guarantees given" and "other provisions".

<sup>5)</sup> This item includes also "extraordinary profit or loss before tax".

# T02.02.1 Key performance indicators by reference period (percentages)

Indicator 1) 2)	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Return on equity (RoE)	5.40%	3.22%	7.06%	7.08%	7.03%
Return on assets (RoA)	0.34%	0.21%	0.46%	0.46%	0.47%
Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)	64.14%	65.79%	65.56%	62.73%	63.19%

Source: ECB.

- 1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.
- 2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

T02.02.2 Key performance indicators by country (percentages)

Country <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
Belgium	8.32%	0.45%	59.98%
Germany	3.33%	0.18%	75.30%
Estonia	С	С	С
Ireland	7.58%	1.01%	59.62%
Greece	-0.28%	-0.04%	49.07%
Spain	7.72%	0.58%	51.14%
France	7.13%	0.45%	71.28%
Italy	10.07%	0.77%	60.33%
Cyprus	-17.14%	-1.55%	50.31%
Latvia	13.05%	1.55%	46.87%
Lithuania	7.83%	0.88%	46.10%
Luxembourg	6.34%	0.51%	71.31%
Malta	11.98%	0.89%	56.61%
Netherlands	10.26%	0.56%	55.14%
Austria	10.04%	0.85%	63.34%
Portugal	-1.51%	-0.14%	59.12%
Slovenia	12.56%	1.77%	61.67%
Slovakia 3)	-	-	-
Finland	8.45%	0.70%	50.61%

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

- 1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.
- Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.
- 3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

# T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (income source) (percentages)

Category <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)		Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	7.15%	0.50%	53.68%
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income			
Mostly net fee and commission income	7.00%	0.46%	68.79%
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	С	С	С

### Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.
- 2) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

# T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (percentages)

Category <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
Banks with significant domestic exposures 3)	4.08%	0.33%	68.08%
Banks with significant international exposures 4)			
One geographical area			
SSM	6.67%	0.49%	61.79%
Non-SSM EEA 5) and RoW 6)	1.51%	0.13%	48.35%
Internationally diversified 7)			
SSM <sup>8)</sup>	6.48%	0.51%	68.20%
SSM and non-SSM EEA	7.03%	0.53%	55.47%
SSM and RoW	6.74%	0.48%	63.53%
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	7.92%	0.48%	63.50%
Banks without geographically focused exposures 9)	С	С	С

### Source: ECB.

- 3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 5) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 7) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 8) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 9) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

<sup>2)</sup> Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

# T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (percentages)

Category <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
Banks with significant domestic exposures 3)	4.08%	0.33%	68.08%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM (northern Europe) <sup>4)</sup>	С	С	С
SSM (central Europe) <sup>4)</sup>	8.08%	0.50%	64.44%
SSM (southern Europe) <sup>4)</sup>	6.42%	0.45%	67.18%
Non-SSM EEA 5)	7.38%	0.55%	56.71%
Non-EEA Europe <sup>6)</sup>	8.66%	0.54%	53.74%
Africa	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-
North America	5.09%	0.28%	75.57%
Latin America and the Caribbean	С	С	С

### Source: ECB

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

<sup>2)</sup> Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

<sup>3)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>4)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>5)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>6)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

# T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (size)

(percentages)

Category <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	3.67%	0.35%	64.66%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	4.84%	0.42%	55.64%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	4.77%	0.31%	65.56%
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	8.22%	0.48%	64.97%
More than €300 billion	9.00%	0.63%	57.47%
G-SIBs 3)	7.43%	0.45%	66.89%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

<sup>2)</sup> Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

<sup>3)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (risk-based) (percentages)

Category <sup>2) 3)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)	Return on assets (RoA)	Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
Banks with low risk	8.11%	0.54%	60.57%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	4.81%	0.33%	69.05%

### Source: ECB.

- 1) Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.
- 2) RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.
- 3) Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

T02.02.3 Key performance indicators by classification (sovereign exposures) (percentages)

Category <sup>1) 2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Return on equity (RoE)		Cost-to-income ratio (CIR)
	(ROL)	(NOA)	(Cirt)
Banks with sovereign exposures			
Non-significant	5.77%	0.65%	51.62%
Mostly domestic			
Investment grade	7.20%	0.50%	62.91%
Non-investment grade	-0.34%	-0.04%	50.02%
Mostly to other SSM countries			
Investment grade	8.25%	0.47%	59.60%
Non-investment grade	-	-	-
Mostly to non-SSM countries			
Investment grade	7.02%	0.42%	65.38%
Non-investment grade	С	С	С

### Source: FCB

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> RoE and RoA are computed by dividing "net profit/loss" by, respectively, "equity" and "total assets" at the end of the corresponding reference period. The values of "net profit/loss", originally year-to-date, are annualised to increase the comparability of the ratios across quarters.

<sup>2)</sup> Returns figures may be based on different financial years. To increase consistency, if the end of the financial year is not 31 December, a linear projection of the figures has been made for each reporting period.

T02.03.1 Composition of assets by reference period (EUR billions)

Assets	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,282.27	1,390.97	1,613.46	1,715.04	1,745.65
Loans and advances	13,576.41	13,298.75	13,533.63	13,267.28	13,285.78
Central banks	187.72	200.12	300.69	245.98	280.21
General governments	1,049.01	1,026.32	1,018.63	980.19	971.43
Credit institutions	1,433.45	1,273.87	1,343.31	1,256.21	1,264.43
Other financial corporations	1,265.33	1,168.16	1,215.62	1,172.22	1,173.34
Non-financial corporations	4,534.52	4,553.69	4,552.27	4,486.36	4,546.59
Households	5,106.38	5,076.59	5,103.11	5,126.32	5,049.78
Debt securities	3,194.18	3,031.49	3,014.41	2,890.18	2,833.14
of which: loans and receivables	344.64	326.43	310.80	291.78	270.35
of which: held to maturity 1)	319.20	342.40	364.54	346.73	346.47
of which: available for sale	1,774.12	1,690.38	1,640.42	1,598.14	1,561.55
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	100.22	96.10	90.09	85.04	81.71
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	561.50	482.86	518.89	480.84	486.45
Equity instruments	429.24	429.56	497.29	479.81	486.57
of which: available for sale	102.84	100.41	99.82	92.14	92.90
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	23.73	23.04	22.74	22.88	23.20
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	295.50	298.96	367.53	357.58	363.05
Derivatives	2,349.48	2,102.55	1,781.25	1,662.68	1,577.88
Trading	2,102.24	1,897.71	1,600.07	1,497.51	1,422.05
Derivatives – hedge accounting	247.23	204.83	181.18	165.17	155.84
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	161.88	156.86	158.01	157.05	146.26
Intangible assets and goodwill	137.96	136.02	137.08	132.67	135.19
Other assets 4)	1,207.10	1,177.04	1,193.49	1,117.77	1,087.89
Total assets	22,338.52	21,723.24	21,928.62	21,422.48	21,298.36

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.03.2 Composition of assets by country/1

(EUR billions)

Assets (Q3 2017)	Total	Belgium	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Italy	Cyprus
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	81.75	467.64	С	30.13	8.63	200.57	588.90	61.06	10.60
Loans and advances	13,285.78	376.39	2,309.49	С	204.35	168.92	2,120.09	4,182.01	1,509.45	33.19
Central banks	280.21	С	35.25	С	2.92	С	36.70	70.48	94.30	С
General governments	971.43	68.07	213.88	С	1.08	С	108.36	377.05	48.38	С
Credit institutions	1,264.43	26.16	468.04	С	9.36	3.81	95.79	362.95	110.23	0.34
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	С	299.36	С	4.22	3.71	82.74	459.62	152.70	С
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	107.75	768.34	С	63.28	78.72	668.23	1,331.49	673.61	11.45
Households	5,049.78	144.96	524.61	С	123.50	76.20	1,128.26	1,580.43	430.23	13.95
Debt securities	2,833.14	156.92	592.68	С	39.84	26.98	476.83	773.26	382.49	3.22
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	С	54.56	С	0.56	11.53	47.73	51.39	30.88	0.32
of which: held to maturity 1)	346.47	34.81	29.27	С	6.67	0.89	67.73	111.83	37.83	С
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	62.84	257.33	С	31.48	12.71	294.63	398.13	242.11	2.55
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	81.71	С	39.59	С	С	0.00	С	4.14	С	0.00
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	486.45	3.88	126.62	С	1.12	С	66.05	207.77	48.53	С
Equity instruments	486.57	2.79	118.08	С	0.80	0.73	39.76	259.87	34.33	0.06
of which: available for sale	92.90	2.28	3.74	С	С	0.59	15.93	41.30	12.63	0.06
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	23.20	0.00	7.99	С	С	0.00	С	12.01	1.01	0.00
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	363.05	С	98.94	С	С	0.14	23.64	206.56	20.70	0.00
Derivatives	1,577.88	47.88	519.16	С	5.69	6.34	137.93	668.24	83.73	0.03
Trading	1,422.05	40.03	499.45	С	4.22	С	119.44	598.76	73.91	С
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	7.85	19.71	С	1.47	С	18.48	69.48	9.82	С
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	С	20.98	С	С	0.55	25.69	60.18	17.64	0.25
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	2.20	14.46	С	С	0.89	45.00	47.77	16.14	0.05
Other assets 4)	1,087.89	С	150.04	С	11.30	40.53	203.60	428.60	110.70	3.73
Total assets	21,298.36	716.48	4,192.53	С	294.73	253.56	3,249.46	7,008.82	2,215.55	51.13

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.03.2 Composition of assets by country/2

(EUR billions)

Assets (Q3 2017)	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia <sup>5)</sup>	Finland
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	2.81	4.70	20.05	С	175.96	61.37	9.52	1.99	-	16.30
Loans and advances	7.17	13.70	59.18	12.93	1,675.17	333.56	130.33	С	-	126.33
Central banks	С	С	С	С	9.69	12.73	С	С	-	С
General governments	0.05	0.39	С	0.04	112.89	14.33	5.43	0.63	-	С
Credit institutions	С	С	21.76	1.14	141.69	15.72	3.94	0.67	-	2.38
Other financial corporations	С	0.08	5.03	С	125.39	13.94	С	0.17	-	1.14
Non-financial corporations	С	6.04	9.15	3.84	562.58	153.78	47.52	4.47	-	47.44
Households	С	7.03	20.88	4.35	722.92	123.05	70.11	5.72	-	64.35
Debt securities	2.21	С	28.72	5.36	193.11	80.68	42.42	5.92	-	21.68
of which: loans and receivables	С	0.00	0.60	0.00	7.21	2.83	9.15	С	-	С
of which: held to maturity 1)	С	0.00	5.73	С	11.26	31.05	С	0.71	-	1.24
of which: available for sale	С	С	21.52	1.82	155.09	33.77	23.95	5.01	-	17.71
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	С	0.47	0.64	С	2.97	7.32	С	С	-	С
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	С	0.04	С	0.00	15.31	5.68	С	С	-	2.53
Equity instruments	С	С	С	С	18.35	3.26	6.64	0.16	-	С
of which: available for sale	0.01	С	С	0.01	5.17	2.63	6.07	0.13	-	С
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	С	С	С	С	1.06	0.25	С	0.03	-	0.00
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	С	С	С	0.00	С	0.37	С	С	-	0.02
Derivatives	0.04	0.08	1.27	0.01	85.66	11.90	2.82	С	-	7.02
Trading	0.04	0.08	1.09	0.01	63.06	9.14	С	0.02	-	4.85
Derivatives – hedge accounting	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	22.61	2.76	С	С	-	2.17
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	С	С	С	0.13	4.50	7.52	2.20	С	-	С
Intangible assets and goodwill	0.02	0.01	0.61	0.03	2.82	2.64	0.31	0.07	-	С
Other assets 4)	0.17	0.21	1.58	0.38	58.53	10.20	19.26	0.63	-	2.69
Total assets	12.47	С	112.87	19.60	2,214.10	511.14	213.50	20.47	-	177.27

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>5)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (income source) (EUR billions)

			Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income					
Assets (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	Mostly net fee and commission income	Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses				
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	С	1,029.32	С				
Loans and advances	13,285.78	С	6,839.36	C				
Central banks	280.21	С	187.06	C				
General governments	971.43	С	437.65	C				
Credit institutions	1,264.43	С	685.37	C				
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	С	716.70	C				
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	С	2,345.27	C				
Households	5,049.78	С	2,467.31	C				
Debt securities	2,833.14	С	1,526.62	C				
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	С	134.57	C				
of which: held to maturity 1)	346.47	С	168.66	C				
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	С	813.60	C				
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	81.71	С	60.68	C				
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	486.45	С	339.09	С				
Equity instruments	486.57	С	320.70	C				
of which: available for sale	92.90	С	59.81	C				
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	23.20	С	19.42	C				
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	363.05	С	241.46	C				
Derivatives	1,577.88	С	1,052.68	C				
Trading	1,422.05	С	982.53	C				
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	С	70.15	C				
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	C	101.69	C				
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	С	75.60	C				
Other assets <sup>4)</sup>	1,087.89	С	592.90	C				
Total assets	21,298.36	С	11,538.88	С				

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (EUR billions)

				Banks	with significant in	nternational exposi	ures <sup>6)</sup>		
Assets		Banks with	One geogra	aphical area		Internationally	y diversified <sup>9)</sup>		Banks without
(Q3 2017)	Total	significant domestic exposures <sup>5)</sup>	SSM	Non-SSM EEA <sup>7)</sup> and RoW <sup>8)</sup>	SSM <sup>10)</sup>	2014	SSM and RoW	SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	geographically focused exposures <sup>11)</sup>
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	31.64	38.33	20.69	С	100.00	424.17	1,103.67	С
Loans and advances	13,285.78	976.74	549.80	196.52	С	768.52	3,823.82	6,753.59	С
Central banks	280.21	31.77	С	С	3.00	20.49	53.04	171.76	С
General governments	971.43	100.96	74.18	13.27	С	62.32	294.51	360.59	С
Credit institutions	1,264.43	43.61	12.62	38.82	С	112.98	391.96	650.55	С
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	43.59	С	С	5.24	29.81	216.65	861.60	С
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	301.69	161.34	63.36	С	288.14	1,327.64	2,356.10	С
Households	5,049.78	455.12	293.05	76.68	С	254.78	1,540.03	2,352.99	С
Debt securities	2,833.14	295.28	95.12	48.49	С	183.49	650.60	1,524.29	С
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	20.81	15.82	5.72	С	8.07	53.59	165.86	С
of which: held to maturity 1)	346.47	108.19	15.00	1.95	С	43.10	68.74	104.23	С
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	139.78	58.57	16.42	С	99.62	370.45	849.04	С
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	81.71	С	С	0.84	0.39	7.42	14.46	57.84	С
of which: held for trading 3)	486.45	21.78	5.74	С	0.78	С	96.58	337.29	С
Equity instruments	486.57	26.99	4.67	С	0.95	2.91	84.49	364.28	С
of which: available for sale	92.90	15.81	4.07	С	0.68	1.72	29.89	38.62	С
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss <sup>2)</sup>	23.20	С	С	0.00	С	0.13	10.41	8.85	С
of which: held for trading 3)	363.05	0.86	0.59	0.05	0.21	С	44.05	316.80	С
Derivatives	1,577.88	20.75	32.27	4.36	С	62.91	301.25	1,149.00	С
Trading	1,422.05	14.25	22.59	3.93	С	49.00	255.85	1,075.20	С
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	6.50	9.68	0.43	С	13.91	45.40	73.80	С
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	14.25	12.65	0.99	С	7.77	60.91	45.73	С
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	6.45	4.25	С	С	2.86	39.66	80.63	С
Other assets 4)	1,087.89	84.94	55.21	20.37	С	52.83	237.83	630.60	С
Total assets	21,298.36	1,457.05	792.30	294.06	С	1,181.28	5,622.73	11,651.79	С

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.
- 2) This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.
- 3) Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.
- 4) Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.
- 5) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 8) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 9) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 10) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 11) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (EUR billions)

					В	Banks with larg	est non-domes	tic exposures	5		
Assets (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures <sup>5)</sup>	SSM northern Europe <sup>6)</sup>	SSM central Europe <sup>6)</sup>	SSM southern Europe <sup>6)</sup>	Non-SSM EEA <sup>7)</sup>	Non-EEA Europe <sup>8)</sup>	Africa	Asia and Oceania	North America	Latin America and the Caribbean
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	31.64	С	625.24	97.99	530.74	4.47	-	-	418.55	С
Loans and advances	13,285.78	976.74	С	4,697.47	1,526.28	3,573.55	74.31	-	-	1,996.19	С
Central banks	280.21	31.77	С	79.99	С	120.77	С	-	-	9.31	С
General governments	971.43	100.96	С	353.89	151.82	165.55	3.81	-	-	161.81	С
Credit institutions	1,264.43	43.61	С	588.29	С	317.87	С	-	-	161.00	С
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	43.59	С	422.84	С	320.63	11.13	-	-	305.78	С
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	301.69	С	1,718.34	482.88	1,220.61	26.34	-	-	623.14	С
Households	5,049.78	455.12	С	1,534.12	682.99	1,428.11	30.21	-	-	735.16	С
Debt securities	2,833.14	295.28	С	1,051.88	313.53	746.92	18.32	-	-	307.13	С
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	20.81	С	64.22	77.25	70.33	0.49	-	-	25.98	С
of which: held to maturity <sup>1)</sup>	346.47	108.19	С	73.45	46.45	92.97	1.94	-	-	9.46	С
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	139.78	С	641.17	155.69	416.00	12.46	-	-	146.26	С
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	81.71	С	С	45.13	С	26.23	С	-	-	С	С
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	486.45	21.78	С	179.29	33.07	109.93	0.87	-	-	117.00	С
Equity instruments	486.57	26.99	С	153.83	24.48	143.55	0.84	-	-	128.41	С
of which: available for sale	92.90	15.81	С	26.14	19.47	18.47	С	-	-	8.84	С
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	23.20	С	С	7.19	1.86	5.19	С	-	-	С	С
of which: held for trading 3)	363.05	0.86	С	119.92	3.15	119.74	С	-	-	114.53	С
Derivatives	1,577.88	20.75	С	493.00	175.74	361.61	С	-	-	486.00	С
Trading	1,422.05	14.25	С	442.20	143.82	318.38	0.12	-	-	464.81	С
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	6.50	С	50.80	31.92	43.23	С	-	-	21.19	С
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	14.25	С	57.36	27.05	26.08	С	-	-	16.41	С
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	6.45	С	29.09	21.01	55.14	0.07	-	-	14.81	С
Other assets 4)	1,087.89	84.94	С	304.26	149.50	322.36	1.98	-	-	188.54	С
Total assets	21,298.36	1,457.05	С	7,412.15	2,335.58	5,759.96	100.35	-	-	3,556.04	С

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>5)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>6)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>7)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>8)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (size)

(EUR billions)

			Ba	anks with total asset	s		
Assets (Q3 2017)	Total	Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	Between €200 billion and €300 billion	More than €300 billion	G-SIBs <sup>5)</sup>
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	51.87	198.98	112.62	115.93	350.30	915.95
Loans and advances	13,285.78	251.40	1,752.39	1,319.44	965.45	2,923.56	6,073.54
Central banks	280.21	5.35	12.37	27.61	47.23	70.29	117.36
General governments	971.43	6.73	206.34	177.74	139.06	116.36	325.20
Credit institutions	1,264.43	28.37	199.73	138.29	92.95	293.19	511.90
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	16.42	68.27	74.00	51.28	191.09	772.27
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	84.54	585.51	525.49	320.88	1,071.21	1,958.97
Households	5,049.78	109.99	680.17	376.32	314.04	1,181.42	2,387.84
Debt securities	2,833.14	45.71	498.18	397.71	222.06	502.82	1,166.66
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	0.93	65.46	58.27	10.12	58.05	77.52
of which: held to maturity 1)	346.47	8.52	116.30	34.40	77.33	40.17	69.74
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	27.60	233.67	208.23	108.30	323.24	660.50
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss <sup>2)</sup>	81.71	3.01	23.32	8.78	0.79	11.20	34.62
of which: held for trading 3)	486.45	2.82	19.85	43.84	25.52	70.15	324.28
Equity instruments	486.57	1.02	46.15	8.58	6.94	47.16	376.72
of which: available for sale	92.90	0.87	26.47	5.22	4.46	18.60	37.28
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	23.20	С	8.58	С	0.52	5.18	6.73
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	363.05	0.03	3.71	1.26	1.96	23.38	332.71
Derivatives	1,577.88	5.48	55.31	131.39	45.79	205.66	1,134.25
Trading	1,422.05	4.64	31.48	105.38	39.90	182.72	1,057.93
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	0.84	23.84	26.01	5.89	22.94	76.32
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	4.04	18.43	14.01	9.52	44.86	55.38
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	0.89	7.90	7.40	5.54	29.45	84.00
Other assets 4)	1,087.89	12.99	147.49	111.08	36.75	162.06	617.52
Total assets	21,298.36	373.40	2,724.84	2,102.24	1,407.97	4,265.89	10,424.02

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>5)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (risk-based) (EUR billions)

Assets (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	1,220.43	525.22
Loans and advances	13,285.78	9,241.55	4,044.23
Central banks	280.21	186.67	93.54
General governments	971.43	735.74	235.70
Credit institutions	1,264.43	960.65	303.78
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	793.48	379.86
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	3,022.10	1,524.49
Households	5,049.78	3,542.92	1,506.86
Debt securities	2,833.14	1,772.08	1,061.06
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	124.11	146.24
of which: held to maturity <sup>2)</sup>	346.47	225.25	121.22
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	981.23	580.32
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 3)	81.71	41.16	40.55
of which: held for trading <sup>4)</sup>	486.45	316.28	170.16
Equity instruments	486.57	343.48	143.09
of which: available for sale	92.90	66.13	26.77
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 3)	23.20	20.79	2.42
of which: held for trading <sup>4)</sup>	363.05	249.27	113.78
Derivatives	1,577.88	962.09	615.79
Trading	1,422.05	840.83	581.22
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	121.26	34.58
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	106.44	39.82
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	102.98	32.20
Other assets 5)	1,087.89	675.60	412.29
Total assets	21,298.36	14,424.65	6,873.71

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>4)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>5)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.03.3 Composition of assets by classification (sovereign exposures) (EUR billions)

		Banks with sovereign exposures								
Assets			Mostly do	omestic	Mostly to other	SSM countries	Mostly to non-S	SM countries		
(Q3 2017)	Total	Non-significant	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade		
Cash, cash balances at central banks, other demand deposits	1,745.65	58.85	716.93	С	111.35	-	845.31	С		
Loans and advances	13,285.78	298.60	7,440.29	С	1,338.28	-	4,065.26	С		
Central banks	280.21	С	187.72	0.00	9.21	-	81.32	С		
General governments	971.43	2.68	710.20	С	73.70	-	177.73	С		
Credit institutions	1,264.43	24.92	753.03	С	133.21	=	349.18	С		
Other financial corporations	1,173.34	С	445.52	2.16	115.18	=	594.47	С		
Non-financial corporations	4,546.59	102.64	2,653.80	С	423.09	=	1,304.62	С		
Households	5,049.78	151.16	2,690.02	С	583.89	=	1,557.94	С		
Debt securities	2,833.14	73.29	1,548.01	С	277.35	-	910.63	С		
of which: loans and receivables	270.35	0.36	125.97	С	64.22	=	71.67	С		
of which: held to maturity 1)	346.47	С	234.05	1.04	12.68	=	63.73	С		
of which: available for sale	1,561.55	35.64	889.60	С	154.87	=	468.50	С		
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	81.71	0.22	61.45	С	3.70	=	16.30	С		
of which: held for trading <sup>3)</sup>	486.45	2.09	157.57	С	34.66	=	290.42	С		
Equity instruments	486.57	С	153.35	0.44	С	-	311.75	С		
of which: available for sale	92.90	С	62.70	0.32	5.44	-	21.41	С		
of which: designated at fair value through profit or loss 2)	23.20	0.00	21.39	0.00	С	-	1.11	С		
of which: held for trading 3)	363.05	0.01	61.86	0.13	С	-	289.23	С		
Derivatives	1,577.88	6.49	491.10	С	105.08	-	969.29	С		
Trading	1,422.05	5.77	396.40	С	92.75	-	922.33	С		
Derivatives – hedge accounting	155.84	0.72	94.71	С	12.33	-	46.96	С		
Investments in subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	146.26	2.87	102.53	0.41	С	-	33.99	С		
Intangible assets and goodwill	135.19	С	57.55	0.63	4.20	=	71.44	С		
Other assets 4)	1,087.89	19.87	473.06	С	72.53	-	492.30	С		
Total assets	21,298.36	464.29	10,982.83	С	1,933.20		7,699.97	С		

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> This item includes non-trading debt instruments measured using the cost-based method for national accounting standards (nGAAP) reporters.

<sup>2)</sup> This item includes non-trading non-derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for nGAAP reporters.

<sup>3)</sup> Includes nGAAP trading portfolios.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total assets" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.04.1 Composition of liabilities and equity by reference period (EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Deposits	13,108.03	12,965.70	13,364.33	13,247.77	13,272.57
Central banks	797.47	802.24	976.02	967.12	937.21
General governments	484.33	475.42	476.77	492.76	500.11
Credit institutions	1,886.42	1,688.80	1,703.17	1,631.94	1,588.57
Other financial corporations	2,056.50	1,978.16	2,120.97	2,027.51	2,081.99
Non-financial corporations	2,405.59	2,505.42	2,558.19	2,522.20	2,608.12
Households	5,477.72	5,515.65	5,529.21	5,606.24	5,556.56
Debt securities issued	3,968.70	3,878.31	3,887.50	3,720.74	3,644.22
of which: subordinated	308.50	302.17	299.86	292.02	283.34
Derivatives	2,415.69	2,141.33	1,823.07	1,697.54	1,611.66
of which: trading	2,079.51	1,869.35	1,575.94	1,468.73	1,393.54
Provisions 1)	152.78	155.49	150.77	147.05	143.83
Other liabilities 2)	1,282.11	1,183.22	1,273.06	1,202.65	1,205.28
Equity	1,411.22	1,399.19	1,429.89	1,406.73	1,420.80
Paid-up capital	698.46	695.84	649.82	628.61	648.84
Reserves	536.65	543.21	627.31	614.14	606.00
Minority interests	80.95	80.65	79.29	75.20	61.80
Other comprehensive income	-14.94	-12.99	-16.08	-25.06	-30.09
Other 3)	110.10	92.49	89.55	113.84	134.25
Total liabilities and equity	22,338.52	21,723.24	21,928.62	21,422.48	21,298.36

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

- 1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).
- 2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.
- 3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.04.2 Composition of liabilities and equity by country/1 (EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)	Total	Belgium	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Italy	Cyprus
Deposits	13,272.57	420.31	2,280.57	С	220.22	202.93	2,332.41	4,084.59	1,508.79	45.29
Central banks	937.21	16.61	88.47	С	7.56	40.70	224.50	250.47	214.84	С
General governments	500.11	19.11	173.23	С	3.27	7.89	95.17	82.57	53.07	0.93
Credit institutions	1,588.57	83.34	577.45	С	16.00	12.86	220.73	366.44	139.36	С
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	59.42	501.68	С	21.63	7.35	233.11	784.27	202.10	4.55
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	61.44	356.64	С	65.56	26.75	425.01	932.87	285.39	7.70
Households	5,556.56	180.39	583.09	С	106.21	107.37	1,133.89	1,667.97	614.02	25.12
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	169.01	825.68	С	17.99	0.93	381.46	1,199.62	337.57	0.45
of which: subordinated	283.34	5.61	31.85	С	3.71	С	51.91	87.35	41.14	С
Derivatives	1,611.66	73.33	497.59	С	5.27	7.23	133.12	679.09	87.72	С
of which: trading	1,393.54	35.89	472.22	С	4.26	4.46	119.87	607.33	73.80	0.01
Provisions 1)	143.83	1.29	С	С	1.54	0.96	32.93	33.25	23.58	С
Other liabilities 2)	1,205.28	13.45	С	С	10.48	8.06	126.40	570.44	88.20	0.51
Equity	1,420.80	39.11	230.76	С	39.24	33.46	243.14	441.83	169.68	4.61
Paid-up capital	648.84	15.92	127.94	С	11.54	53.23	128.48	126.56	108.83	5.28
Reserves	606.00	24.45	87.74	С	25.76	-21.77	104.93	236.15	44.28	С
Minority interests	61.80	0.73	3.76	С	С	0.83	24.93	19.70	2.76	С
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	-5.50	-0.55	С	С	-0.82	-26.57	12.89	-5.82	0.37
Other 3)	134.25	3.50	11.87	С	2.84	1.99	11.38	46.53	19.63	-0.59
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	716.48	4,192.53	С	294.73	253.56	3,249.46	7,008.82	2,215.55	51.13

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>2)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.04.2 Composition of liabilities and equity by country/2 (EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia 4)	Finland
Deposits	10.29	16.82	92.64	17.36	1,366.64	385.21	169.31	С	-	89.71
Central banks	С	С	С	С	57.75	13.09	13.98	С	-	5.99
General governments	0.36	1.16	С	С	17.87	15.14	6.31	0.49	-	15.67
Credit institutions	С	2.42	8.50	0.22	79.05	62.49	8.38	0.72	-	2.44
Other financial corporations	0.46	С	40.55	1.39	187.67	24.62	7.98	0.58	-	3.72
Non-financial corporations	4.13	3.52	7.95	4.41	295.13	75.35	30.38	С	-	18.95
Households	С	9.07	26.98	10.95	729.18	194.52	102.28	12.45	-	42.95
Debt securities issued	С	С	7.46	0.41	572.37	60.25	13.03	0.02	-	57.48
of which: subordinated	С	0.00	С	0.31	44.40	12.44	С	0.00	-	С
Derivatives	С	0.08	2.14	С	107.00	9.63	2.51	С	-	6.77
of which: trading	С	0.08	1.19	0.01	59.68	8.00	2.17	0.02	-	4.48
Provisions 1)	С	С	0.38	0.04	5.83	3.33	2.55	0.17	-	0.00
Other liabilities 2)	0.18	0.20	1.24	0.31	40.55	9.70	6.24	0.28	-	8.65
Equity	1.48	2.18	9.01	С	121.71	43.03	19.86	2.89	-	14.66
Paid-up capital	0.95	1.07	2.44	0.60	35.22	11.29	14.36	1.73	-	С
Reserves	0.38	0.96	5.15	0.74	56.85	20.27	6.85	0.81	-	10.65
Minority interests	С	0.00	С	0.00	1.23	5.50	1.40	С	-	0.00
Other comprehensive income	С	0.00	С	0.00	3.61	-3.43	С	С	-	С
Other 3)	0.15	0.15	0.55	С	24.79	9.41	С	0.26	-	1.28
Total liabilities and equity	12.47	С	112.87	19.60	2,214.10	511.14	213.50	20.47		177.27

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>2)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>4)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (income source) (EUR billions)

			Banks with non-interest income mo	ore than 40% of operating income
Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)			Mostly net fee and commission income	Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses
Deposits	13,272.57	С	7,147.35	С
Central banks	937.21	С	514.93	С
General governments	500.11	С	256.60	С
Credit institutions	1,588.57	С	792.68	С
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	С	1,267.62	С
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	С	1,442.65	С
Households	5,556.56	С	2,872.87	С
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	С	1,684.64	С
of which: subordinated	283.34	С	143.27	С
Derivatives	1,611.66	С	1,037.35	С
of which: trading	1,393.54	С	955.94	С
Provisions 1)	143.83	С	72.71	С
Other liabilities 2)	1,205.28	С	832.14	С
Equity	1,420.80	С	764.68	С
Paid-up capital	648.84	С	327.49	С
Reserves	606.00	С	337.38	С
Minority interests	61.80	С	23.06	С
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	С	7.73	С
Other 3)	134.25	С	69.03	С
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	С	11,538.88	С

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table.

The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

<sup>1)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>2)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (EUR billions)

				Banks	with significant in	ternational exposu	ires <sup>5)</sup>		Banks without		
I to better a construction		Banks with significant	One deodraphical area			Internationally diversified 8)					
Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)	Total	domestic exposures <sup>4)</sup>	SSM	Non-SSM EEA <sup>6)</sup> and RoW <sup>7)</sup>	SSM <sup>9)</sup>	SSM and non-SSM EEA	SSM and RoW	SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	geographically focused exposures <sup>10)</sup>		
Deposits	13,272.57	1,079.06	534.67	212.56	С	645.66	3,513.15	7,126.15	С		
Central banks	937.21	107.25	52.97	18.00	С	58.59	220.27	465.98	С		
General governments	500.11	31.83	27.53	9.82	С	20.73	130.14	277.80	С		
Credit institutions	1,588.57	95.03	24.26	38.23	С	85.89	422.42	906.53	С		
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	127.73	35.35	34.03	С	88.91	467.11	1,311.32	С		
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	114.01	85.83	34.26	С	129.88	747.49	1,473.70	С		
Households	5,556.56	603.21	308.73	78.22	С	261.66	1,525.71	2,690.84	С		
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	191.02	132.55	42.71	С	311.39	1,124.47	1,744.67	С		
of which: subordinated	283.34	16.37	9.38	1.21	С	9.46	94.89	149.32	С		
Derivatives	1,611.66	17.63	33.68	4.15	С	78.66	311.64	1,148.24	С		
of which: trading	1,393.54	14.35	20.99	3.44	С	49.11	254.95	1,049.30	С		
Provisions 1)	143.83	12.02	6.50	1.58	С	4.87	35.15	82.45	С		
Other liabilities 2)	1,205.28	39.51	26.95	7.16	С	51.07	237.22	839.12	С		
Equity	1,420.80	117.81	57.95	25.90	С	89.64	401.11	711.17	С		
Paid-up capital	648.84	75.68	41.95	19.06	С	45.59	129.76	328.78	С		
Reserves	606.00	25.61	12.39	8.26	С	37.31	212.85	302.75	С		
Minority interests	61.80	5.24	1.55	С	1.64	1.34	21.00	30.00	С		
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	4.24	-0.69	С	-0.15	-3.18	-0.03	-27.51	С		
Other 3)	134.25	7.05	2.76	0.31	С	8.58	37.52	77.15	С		
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	1,457.05	792.30	294.06	С	1,181.28	5,622.73	11,651.79	С		

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

- 1) In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).
- 2) Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.
- 3) Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.
- 4) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 5) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 7) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 8) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 9) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 10) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (EUR billions)

					E	Banks with larg	est non-domes	stic exposures	;		
Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures 4)	SSM northern Europe <sup>5)</sup>	SSM central Europe <sup>5)</sup>	SSM southern Europe <sup>5)</sup>	Non-SSM EEA <sup>6)</sup>	Non-EEA Europe <sup>7)</sup>	Africa	Asia and Oceania	North America	Latin America and the Caribbean
Deposits	13,272.57	1,079.06	С	4,651.90	1,407.33	3,742.19	57.12	-	-	1,860.11	С
Central banks	937.21	107.25	С	242.52	109.97	316.02	5.65	-	-	119.31	С
General governments	500.11	31.83	С	198.54	36.30	120.68	5.81	-	-	82.34	С
Credit institutions	1,588.57	95.03	С	645.90	110.78	460.41	9.32	-	-	217.74	С
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	127.73	С	915.77	126.11	576.31	6.50	-	-	287.75	С
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	114.01	С	902.40	303.82	758.83	8.91	-	-	402.97	С
Households	5,556.56	603.21	С	1,746.77	720.36	1,509.95	20.94	-	-	750.00	С
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	191.02	С	1,384.00	444.89	869.93	С	-	-	649.49	С
of which: subordinated	283.34	16.37	С	92.74	33.88	78.57	С	-	-	44.28	С
Derivatives	1,611.66	17.63	С	500.86	201.80	385.13	0.11	-	-	465.67	С
of which: trading	1,393.54	14.35	С	425.26	145.19	334.05	0.06	-	-	436.85	С
Provisions 1)	143.83	12.02	С	50.79	14.34	39.80	0.38	-	-	19.34	С
Other liabilities 2)	1,205.28	39.51	С	367.92	104.86	295.58	С	-	-	366.01	С
Equity	1,420.80	117.81	С	456.67	162.37	427.33	6.25	-	-	195.41	С
Paid-up capital	648.84	75.68	С	195.70	54.25	211.98	3.65	-	-	80.04	С
Reserves	606.00	25.61	С	202.49	91.64	178.08	1.97	-	-	80.18	С
Minority interests	61.80	5.24	С	12.08	5.13	24.88	0.12	-	-	С	С
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	4.24	С	5.41	-1.23	-32.13	0.13	-	-	С	С
Other 3)	134.25	7.05	С	40.99	12.57	44.52	0.37			26.36	С
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	1,457.05	С	7,412.15	2,335.58	5,759.96	100.35	-	-	3,556.04	С

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>2)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>4)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>5)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>6)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>7)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (size) (EUR billions)

			Ba	anks with total asset	S		
Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)	Total	Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	Between €200 billion and €300 billion	More than €300 billion	G-SIBs <sup>4)</sup>
Deposits	13,272.57	298.98	1,721.87	1,160.35	1,046.10	2,864.68	6,180.59
Central banks	937.21	9.65	154.76	87.98	57.08	206.45	421.30
General governments	500.11	12.69	83.71	63.42	47.23	104.63	188.43
Credit institutions	1,588.57	36.89	205.34	241.98	189.30	332.52	582.53
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	47.77	301.59	164.64	107.00	388.98	1,072.01
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	48.20	238.29	185.84	151.23	626.84	1,357.73
Households	5,556.56	143.78	738.17	416.50	494.27	1,205.25	2,558.59
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	24.84	601.99	552.90	200.75	745.14	1,518.60
of which: subordinated	283.34	2.64	18.88	22.88	21.28	84.46	133.21
Derivatives	1,611.66	5.79	74.59	161.76	42.37	213.52	1,113.64
of which: trading	1,393.54	4.32	32.98	98.26	34.49	183.46	1,040.03
Provisions 1)	143.83	1.84	19.17	14.71	10.89	32.09	65.14
Other liabilities 2)	1,205.28	6.72	71.72	76.05	25.12	111.26	914.42
Equity	1,420.80	35.24	235.51	136.47	82.75	299.21	631.63
Paid-up capital	648.84	20.68	141.14	68.87	39.21	132.94	246.00
Reserves	606.00	12.85	73.18	60.47	33.34	125.09	301.07
Minority interests	61.80	С	5.62	6.31	С	11.89	32.93
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	С	0.12	-9.60	С	-9.39	-10.25
Other 3)	134.25	1.26	15.45	10.42	6.58	38.68	61.87
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	373.40	2,724.84	2,102.24	1,407.97	4,265.89	10,424.02

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>2)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>4)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (risk-based) (EUR billions)

Liabilities and equity (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Deposits	13,272.57	8,864.70	4,407.87
Central banks	937.21	570.02	367.19
General governments	500.11	288.59	211.52
Credit institutions	1,588.57	1,024.42	564.15
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	1,513.99	568.00
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	1,773.80	834.33
Households	5,556.56	3,693.89	1,862.68
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	2,759.07	885.15
of which: subordinated	283.34	204.33	79.02
Derivatives	1,611.66	1,007.37	604.29
of which: trading	1,393.54	843.95	549.59
Provisions 2)	143.83	88.55	55.28
Other liabilities 3)	1,205.28	751.23	454.05
Equity	1,420.80	953.73	467.06
Paid-up capital	648.84	359.94	288.89
Reserves	606.00	463.23	142.77
Minority interests	61.80	44.09	17.71
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	-12.31	-17.78
Other <sup>4)</sup>	134.25	98.78	35.47
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	14,424.65	6,873.71

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc.

<sup>2)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>4)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

T02.04.3 Composition of liabilities and equity by classification (sovereign exposures) (EUR billions)

				Banks v	with sovereign expo	sures		
Liabilities and equity			Mostly do	omestic	Mostly to other	SSM countries	Mostly to non-S	SM countries
(Q3 2017)	Total	Non-significant	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade
Deposits	13,272.57	295.22	7,018.67	С	1,249.99	-	4,533.33	С
Central banks	937.21	16.00	554.26	С	53.74	-	284.05	С
General governments	500.11	15.88	293.52	С	19.61	-	165.21	С
Credit institutions	1,588.57	22.72	896.32	С	126.58	-	530.20	С
Other financial corporations	2,081.99	71.25	952.50	С	173.15	-	877.35	С
Non-financial corporations	2,608.12	52.40	1,278.50	С	225.53	-	1,026.16	С
Households	5,556.56	116.97	3,043.57	С	651.37	-	1,650.34	С
Debt securities issued	3,644.22	87.25	2,223.29	С	373.84	-	958.70	С
of which: subordinated	283.34	2.42	155.05	С	31.27	-	94.53	С
Derivatives	1,611.66	5.82	527.27	С	124.72	-	947.02	С
of which: trading	1,393.54	5.17	388.53	С	87.68	-	908.12	С
Provisions 1)	143.83	1.59	82.99	С	6.00	-	52.49	С
Other liabilities 2)	1,205.28	22.03	361.81	С	69.61	-	744.85	С
Equity	1,420.80	52.38	768.80	С	109.03	-	463.58	С
Paid-up capital	648.84	15.60	330.16	С	59.05	-	202.21	С
Reserves	606.00	35.38	338.71	С	39.45	-	207.46	С
Minority interests	61.80	0.21	24.89	С	1.83	-	34.15	С
Other comprehensive income	-30.09	-1.08	-0.19	С	-0.89	-	-27.47	С
Other 3)	134.25	2.26	75.23	С	9.59	-	47.23	С
Total liabilities and equity	21,298.36	464.29	10,982.83	С	1,933.20	-	7,699.97	С

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> In line with IAS 37.10 and IAS 1.54(I).

<sup>2)</sup> Computed as the difference between "total liabilities and equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

<sup>3)</sup> Computed as the difference between "equity" and the sum of the other sub-categories.

#### T03.01.1 Total capital ratio and its components by reference period

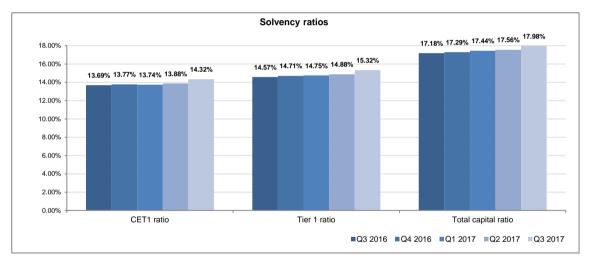
(EUR billions; percentages)

Indicator	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Total risk exposure amount	8,155.33	8,088.16	8,077.65	7,915.21	7,788.09
CET1 ratio 1)	13.69%	13.77%	13.74%	13.88%	14.32%
Tier 1 ratio	14.57%	14.71%	14.75%	14.88%	15.32%
Total capital ratio	17.18%	17.29%	17.44%	17.56%	17.98%

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.



#### T03.01.2 Total capital ratio and its components by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country	Total risk exposure	Total ca	apital	Tie	r 1		
(Q3 2017)	amount			110	1101 1		1 <sup>2)</sup>
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Belgium	194.06	40.97	21.11%	36.51	18.81%	34.95	18.01%
Germany	1,205.99	237.21	19.67%	205.49	17.04%	191.57	15.88%
Estonia	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Ireland	168.01	35.77	21.29%	32.66	19.44%	31.62	18.82%
Greece	178.67	30.79	17.23%	30.72	17.20%	30.72	17.20%
Spain	1,488.09	225.98	15.19%	192.46	12.93%	183.80	12.35%
France	2,356.12	412.78	17.52%	352.59	14.96%	325.93	13.83%
Italy	997.94	167.78	16.81%	141.99	14.23%	131.47	13.17%
Cyprus	30.56	4.63	15.15%	4.35	14.24%	4.23	13.83%
Latvia	С	С	22.86%	С	21.03%	С	21.03%
Lithuania	8.43	1.96	23.21%	1.94	23.06%	1.94	23.06%
Luxembourg	33.06	6.63	20.04%	6.45	19.51%	6.34	19.18%
Malta	9.18	1.47	15.98%	1.26	13.74%	1.26	13.74%
Netherlands	644.26	149.67	23.23%	115.26	17.89%	102.61	15.93%
Austria	263.40	46.80	17.77%	36.14	13.72%	34.75	13.19%
Portugal	122.69	16.70	13.61%	15.88	12.94%	15.34	12.51%
Slovenia	12.81	2.44	19.02%	2.44	19.02%	2.44	19.02%
Slovakia 1)	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finland	62.56	14.48	23.14%	13.33	21.30%	12.90	20.61%
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

<sup>2)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

### T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (income source)

(EUR billions; percentages)

			_				
Category	Total risk exposure	·		Tier 1	_		
(Q3 2017)	amount			i iei i		CET 1 1)	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	С	С	18.61%	С	15.61%	С	14.80%
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income							
Mostly net fee and commission income	4,142.30	725.29	17.51%	628.52	15.17%	586.89	14.17%
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

# T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (geographical diversification, version 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category	Total risk exposure	Total cap	pital	Tier 1	_		
(Q3 2017)	amount			rier i		CET 1 1)	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	648.38	109.43	16.88%	98.53	15.20%	97.11	14.98%
Banks with significant international exposures 3)							
One geographical area							
SSM	328.00	56.11	17.11%	48.43	14.77%	47.98	14.63%
Non-SSM EEA 4) and RoW 5)	133.98	23.79	17.75%	22.72	16.96%	22.72	16.96%
Internationally diversified <sup>6)</sup>							
SSM <sup>7)</sup>	С	С	20.80%	С	17.77%	С	17.57%
SSM and non-SSM EEA	442.22	85.49	19.33%	79.56	17.99%	76.40	17.28%
SSM and RoW	2,150.41	404.30	18.80%	334.31	15.55%	312.05	14.51%
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	4,009.81	703.88	17.55%	594.96	14.84%	545.11	13.59%
Banks without geographically focused exposures 8)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 6) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 8) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (geographical diversification, version 2)

(EUR billions; percentages)

			_				
Category	Total risk exposure	Total ca	pital	Tier 1	_		
(Q3 2017)	amount			1161 1		CET 1 1)	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures <sup>2)</sup>	648.38	109.43	16.88%	98.53	15.20%	97.11	14.98%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures							
SSM (northern Europe) 3)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
SSM (central Europe) 3)	2,507.21	465.47	18.57%	395.47	15.77%	371.29	14.81%
SSM (southern Europe) 3)	880.17	148.08	16.82%	128.15	14.56%	120.34	13.67%
Non-SSM EEA <sup>4)</sup>	2,318.46	403.12	17.39%	347.23	14.98%	323.86	13.97%
Non-EEA Europe <sup>5)</sup>	38.75	6.32	16.32%	5.73	14.78%	5.72	14.76%
Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North America	1,027.29	209.57	20.40%	169.44	16.49%	153.21	14.91%
Latin America and the Caribbean	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

<sup>2)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>3)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>4)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>5)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

### T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category	Total risk exposure	Total ca	pital	Tier 1	_		
(Q3 2017)	amount			1101		CET 1	1)
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with total assets							
Less than €30 billion	174.20	33.81	19.41%	31.33	17.98%	30.88	17.73%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	1,189.30	217.53	18.29%	201.59	16.95%	198.21	16.67%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	724.25	139.49	19.26%	119.75	16.53%	116.32	16.06%
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	486.53	89.87	18.47%	73.05	15.01%	68.88	14.16%
More than €300 billion	1,681.39	315.35	18.76%	254.01	15.11%	233.66	13.90%
G-SIBs <sup>2)</sup>	3,532.43	603.87	17.09%	513.49	14.54%	467.68	13.24%
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

<sup>2)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (risk-based) 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category	Total risk exposure	·		Tier 1			
(Q3 2017)	amount			1161 1		CET 1	2)
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with low risk	5,106.87	939.96	18.41%	791.64	15.50%	733.28	14.36%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	2,681.22	459.96	17.15%	401.59	14.98%	382.35	14.26%
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

<sup>2)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

T03.01.3 Total capital ratio and its components by classification (sovereign exposures)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category	Total risk exposure	Total ca	pital	Tier 1	_		
(Q3 2017)	amount					CET 1 1)	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Banks with sovereign exposures							
Non-significant	252.67	49.28	19.51%	46.99	18.60%	46.90	18.56%
Mostly domestic							
Investment grade	4,094.32	763.68	18.65%	645.51	15.77%	609.12	14.88%
Non-investment grade	С	С	17.30%	С	17.25%	С	17.17%
Mostly to other SSM countries							
Investment grade	602.65	123.87	20.55%	102.60	17.03%	96.42	16.00%
Non-investment grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mostly to non-SSM countries							
Investment grade	2,692.83	437.59	16.25%	373.03	13.85%	338.21	12.56%
Non-investment grade	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Total	7,788.09	1,399.92	17.98%	1,193.23	15.32%	1,115.63	14.32%

Source: ECB

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

#### T03.02.1 CET1 ratio band by reference period

(number of institutions)

Indicator	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
CET1 ratio 1) ≤ 10%	2	6	4	1	-
10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	94	88	90	90	88
CET1 ratio > 20%	26	27	24	23	26
Total	122	121	118	114	114

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

### T03.02.2 CET1 ratio band by country

(number of institutions)

Country (Q3 2017)	CET1 ratio <sup>2)</sup> ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Belgium	-	5	2
Germany	-	16	5
Estonia	-	-	2
Ireland	-	3	2
Greece	-	4	-
Spain	-	13	-
France	-	9	2
Italy	-	11	-
Cyprus	-	4	-
Latvia	-	1	2
Lithuania	-	1	2
Luxembourg	-	2	2
Malta	-	3	-
Netherlands	-	3	3
Austria	-	8	-
Portugal	-	3	-
Slovenia	-	1	2
Slovakia 1)	-	-	-
Finland	-	1	2
Total		88	26

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

<sup>2)</sup> CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

## T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (income source)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	CET1 ratio <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	-	47	15
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income			
Mostly net fee and commission income	-	39	11
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	-	2	-
Total	-	88	26

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

#### T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (geographical diversification, version 1)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	CET1 ratio <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	-	18	4
Banks with significant international exposures 3)			
One geographical area			
SSM	-	7	2
Non-SSM EEA 4) and RoW 5)	-	5	4
Internationally diversified 6)			
SSM <sup>7)</sup>	-	3	3
SSM and non-SSM EEA	-	9	5
SSM and RoW	-	16	2
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	-	30	5
Banks without geographically focused exposures 8)	-	-	1
Total		88	26

Source: ECB.

- 1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 6) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 8) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

#### T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (geographical diversification, version 2)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	CET1 ratio <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	-	18	4
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM (northern Europe) 3)	-	-	1
SSM (central Europe) 3)	-	31	9
SSM (southern Europe) 3)	-	8	1
Non-SSM EEA 4)	-	21	10
Non-EEA Europe <sup>5)</sup>	-	3	1
Africa	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-
North America	-	6	-
Latin America and the Caribbean	-	1	-
Total	-	88	26

#### Source: ECB.

- 1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) European countries not in the EEA.

#### T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (size)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	CET1 ratio <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	-	18	12
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	-	36	12
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	-	12	2
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	-	6	-
More than €300 billion	-	8	-
G-SIBs <sup>2)</sup>	-	8	-
Total	-	88	26

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

<sup>2)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

## T03.02.3 CET1 ratio band by classification (sovereign exposures)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	CET1 ratio <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 10%	10% < CET1 ratio ≤ 20%	CET1 ratio > 20%
Banks with sovereign exposures			
Non-significant	-	8	8
Mostly domestic			
Investment grade	-	54	15
Non-investment grade	-	5	-
Mostly to other SSM countries			
Investment grade	-	11	2
Non-investment grade	-	-	-
Mostly to non-SSM countries			
Investment grade	-	9	1
Non-investment grade	-	1	-
Total	-	88	26

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) CET1 stands for Common Equity Tier 1.

#### T03.03.1 Leverage ratios by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Exposure values	22,629.46	22,276.06	22,738.22	22,319.69	22,331.12
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,642.43	18,522.83	18,855.18	18,616.17	18,517.70
Derivatives	С	С	С	С	С
Securities financing transactions	1,518.55	1,297.59	1,435.67	1,345.38	1,452.59
Off-balance sheet items	1,604.68	1,634.95	1,625.43	1,609.88	1,586.00
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	С	С	С	С
Fully phased-in definition					
Tier 1 capital	1,118.32	1,110.35	1,135.00	1,122.66	1,143.45
Total exposure	22,423.58	22,062.80	22,526.02	22,115.41	22,130.49
Exposure values	22,629.46	22,276.06	22,738.22	22,319.69	22,331.12
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-213.28	-213.26	-212.19	-204.27	-200.62
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	4.99%	5.03%	5.04%	5.08%	5.17%
Transitional definition					
Tier 1 capital	1,188.61	1,189.44	1,191.41	1,177.77	1,193.23
Total exposure	22,440.95	22,082.50	22,540.81	22,129.43	22,142.43
Exposure values	22,629.46	22,276.06	22,738.22	22,319.69	22,331.12
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-195.92	-193.56	-197.41	-190.25	-188.69
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.30%	5.39%	5.29%	5.32%	5.39%

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

### T03.03.2 Leverage ratios by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q3 2017)	Total	Belgium	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Italy	Cyprus
Exposure values	22,331.12	689.71	4,209.81	С	326.74	257.48	3,389.58	7,206.90	2,435.38	52.43
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,517.70	645.60	3,394.35	С	285.94	244.95	3,019.80	5,611.88	2,004.50	50.96
Derivatives	С	-24.84	258.39	С	4.65	0.33	56.87	362.47	63.66	0.04
Securities financing transactions	1,452.59	35.10	298.22	С	6.27	5.00	92.05	691.53	126.20	0.17
Off-balance sheet items	1,586.00	33.85	258.86	С	29.88	7.20	220.87	С	241.00	1.26
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	0.00	0.00	С	0.00	0.00	0.00	С	0.00	0.00
Fully phased-in definition										
Tier 1 capital	1,143.45	29.88	192.68	С	29.46	29.16	184.91	345.75	136.96	4.24
Total exposure	22,130.49	686.14	4,183.42	С	319.59	255.71	3,329.28	7,147.82	2,410.10	52.23
Exposure values	22,331.12	689.71	4,209.81	С	326.74	257.48	3,389.58	7,206.90	2,435.38	52.43
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-200.62	-3.57	-26.39	С	-7.15	-1.78	-60.30	-59.08	-25.27	-0.20
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.17%	4.35%	4.61%	С	9.22%	11.40%	5.55%	4.84%	5.68%	8.12%
Transitional definition										
Tier 1 capital	1,193.23	36.51	205.49	С	32.66	30.72	192.46	352.59	141.99	4.35
Total exposure	22,142.43	686.23	4,185.52	С	322.74	255.84	3,335.15	7,146.46	2,411.28	52.24
Exposure values	22,331.12	689.71	4,209.81	С	326.74	257.48	3,389.58	7,206.90	2,435.38	52.43
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-188.69	-3.48	-24.30	С	-4.01	-1.65	-54.43	-60.44	-24.10	-0.19
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.39%	5.32%	4.91%	С	10.12%	12.01%	5.77%	4.93%	5.89%	8.33%

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

### T03.03.2 Leverage ratios by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q3 2017)	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia <sup>1)</sup>	Finland
Exposure values	13.03	20.69	118.20	20.40	2,577.47	561.15	222.87	22.71	=	С
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	С	19.01	106.35	19.39	2,202.57	487.88	209.23	20.35	-	167.19
Derivatives	0.07	0.18	1.52	0.03	75.39	10.65	1.61	0.04	-	3.32
Securities financing transactions	С	С	5.18	0.00	161.55	30.11	0.48	С	-	С
Off-balance sheet items	0.56	1.36	5.15	0.99	137.96	32.51	11.55	2.31	-	19.18
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	0.00	С	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	С	-	С
Fully phased-in definition										
Tier 1 capital	1.27	1.95	7.40	С	109.43	36.15	14.72	2.48	-	13.24
Total exposure	12.98	20.62	117.27	С	2,570.34	557.65	218.99	22.63	-	189.14
Exposure values	13.03	20.69	118.20	20.40	2,577.47	561.15	222.87	22.71	-	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-0.06	-0.07	-0.93	С	-7.13	-3.51	-3.89	-0.09	-	С
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	9.80%	9.43%	6.31%	6.28%	4.26%	6.48%	6.72%	10.98%		7.00%
Transitional definition										
Tier 1 capital	1.27	1.94	6.45	С	115.26	36.14	15.88	2.44	-	13.33
Total exposure	12.98	20.62	117.21	С	2,570.09	557.49	220.26	22.62	-	189.14
Exposure values	13.03	20.69	118.20	20.40	2,577.47	561.15	222.87	22.71	-	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-0.06	-0.07	-0.99	С	-7.38	-3.66	-2.62	-0.10	-	С
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	9.80%	9.43%	5.50%	6.21%	4.48%	6.48%	7.21%	10.77%	-	7.05%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

#### T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (income source)

(EUR billions; percentages)

			Banks with non-interest income me	ore than 40% of operating income
Leverage ratio and its components (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	Mostly net fee and commission income	Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses
Exposure values	22,331.12	С	11,998.67	С
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,517.70	С	9,581.31	С
Derivatives	С	160.12	552.45	С
Securities financing transactions	1,452.59	С	923.01	С
Off-balance sheet items	1,586.00	515.63	С	C
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	0.00	С	С
Fully phased-in definition				
Tier 1 capital	1,143.45	С	605.37	С
Total exposure	22,130.49	С	11,891.70	С
Exposure values	22,331.12	С	11,998.67	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-200.62	С	-106.98	С
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.17%	5.40%	5.09%	С
Transitional definition				
Tier 1 capital	1,193.23	С	628.52	С
Total exposure	22,142.43	С	11,894.56	C
Exposure values	22,331.12	С	11,998.67	C
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-188.69	C	-104.11	C
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.39%	5.69%	5.28%	С

Source: ECB

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

## T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (geographical diversification, version 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

		Ranks with		Banks	with significant in	ternational exposi	ures <sup>2)</sup>		Danie with and
Leverage ratio and its components		Banks with significant	One geographical area			Internationally	/ diversified <sup>5)</sup>		Banks without
(Q3 2017)	Total	domestic exposures 1)	SSM	Non-SSM EEA <sup>3)</sup> and RoW <sup>4)</sup>	SSM <sup>6)</sup>	SSM and non-SSM EEA	SSM and RoW	SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	exposures 7)
Exposure values	22,331.12	1,517.56	817.64	306.24	С	1,150.17	5,921.82	12,325.19	С
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,517.70	1,411.66	753.73	286.62	С	1,057.56	5,020.12	9,696.78	С
Derivatives	С	С	4.58	0.40	С	-1.02	127.19	680.97	С
Securities financing transactions	1,452.59	35.71	5.27	4.13	С	39.49	343.57	1,023.75	С
Off-balance sheet items	1,586.00	98.97	54.06	15.09	С	54.14	430.94	923.69	С
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	С	0.00	0.00	С	0.00	0.00	0.00	С
Fully phased-in definition									
Tier 1 capital	1,143.45	95.60	47.34	20.83	С	77.84	323.87	563.19	С
Total exposure	22,130.49	1,499.93	808.46	304.01	С	1,141.91	5,876.14	12,208.95	С
Exposure values	22,331.12	1,517.56	817.64	306.24	С	1,150.17	5,921.82	12,325.19	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-200.62	-17.63	-9.18	-2.23	С	-8.26	-45.69	-116.25	С
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.17%	6.37%	5.86%	6.85%	6.35%	6.82%	5.51%	4.61%	С
Transitional definition									
Tier 1 capital	1,193.23	98.53	48.43	22.72	С	79.56	334.31	594.96	С
Total exposure	22,142.43	1,502.91	809.45	304.75	С	1,143.05	5,876.67	12,214.67	С
Exposure values	22,331.12	1,517.56	817.64	306.24	С	1,150.17	5,921.82	12,325.19	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-188.69	-14.65	-8.19	-1.48	С	-7.12	-45.15	-110.53	С
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.39%	6.56%	5.98%	7.45%	6.33%	6.96%	5.69%	4.87%	С

Source: ECB

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 5) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 7) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

## T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (geographical diversification, version 2)

(EUR billions; percentages)

		5			В	Banks with larg	est non-domes	tic exposures	;		
Leverage ratio and its components (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	SSM northern Europe <sup>2)</sup>	SSM central Europe <sup>2)</sup>	SSM southern Europe <sup>2)</sup>	Non-SSM EEA <sup>3)</sup>	Non-EEA Europe <sup>4)</sup>	Africa	Asia and Oceania	North America	Latin America and the Caribbean
Exposure values	22,331.12	1,517.56	С	8,046.22	2,429.02	5,971.33	С	-	-	3,540.02	С
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,517.70	1,411.66	С	6,614.92	2,016.40	4,943.68	97.59	-	-	2,815.08	С
Derivatives	С	С	С	368.12	18.22	176.28	С	-	-	219.36	С
Securities financing transactions	1,452.59	35.71	С	493.30	С	431.09	С	-	-	294.31	С
Off-balance sheet items	1,586.00	98.97	С	569.88	214.95	420.28	7.64	-	-	211.28	С
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	С	С	0.00	С	0.00	0.00	-	-	0.00	С
Fully phased-in definition											
Tier 1 capital	1,143.45	95.60	С	384.44	118.56	333.70	5.75	-	-	157.56	С
Total exposure	22,130.49	1,499.93	С	8,009.48	2,397.43	5,891.28	105.41	-	-	3,515.81	С
Exposure values	22,331.12	1,517.56	С	8,046.22	2,429.02	5,971.33	С	-	-	3,540.02	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-200.62	-17.63	С	-36.74	-31.60	-80.05	С	-	-	-24.21	С
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.17%	6.37%	С	4.80%	4.95%	5.66%	5.46%	-	-	4.48%	С
Transitional definition											
Tier 1 capital	1,193.23	98.53	С	395.47	128.15	347.23	5.73	-	-	169.44	С
Total exposure	22,142.43	1,502.91	С	8,008.77	2,398.39	5,898.52	105.42	-	-	3,516.83	С
Exposure values	22,331.12	1,517.56	С	8,046.22	2,429.02	5,971.33	С	-	-	3,540.02	С
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-188.69	-14.65	С	-37.45	-30.63	-72.81	С	-	-	-23.18	С
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.39%	6.56%	С	4.94%	5.34%	5.89%	5.43%	-	-	4.82%	С

Source: ECB

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>2)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>3)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>4)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

### T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

			Ba	anks with total asset	s		
Leverage ratio and its components (Q3 2017)	Total	Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	Between €200 billion and €300 billion	More than €300 billion	
Exposure values	22,331.12	390.12	2,782.33	2,163.55	1,461.86	4,565.44	10,967.82
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,517.70	360.02	2,570.77	1,937.07	1,311.77	3,892.64	8,445.43
Derivatives	С	1.89	5.75	11.28	С	143.82	623.32
Securities financing transactions	1,452.59	4.87	74.30	76.22	70.60	192.78	1,033.82
Off-balance sheet items	1,586.00	23.35	131.50	138.98	90.74	336.20	865.24
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	0.00	0.00	0.00	С	0.00	0.00
Fully phased-in definition							
Tier 1 capital	1,143.45	30.83	195.95	109.03	72.19	242.17	493.28
Total exposure	22,130.49	388.25	2,758.62	2,145.98	1,452.94	4,527.32	10,857.39
Exposure values	22,331.12	390.12	2,782.33	2,163.55	1,461.86	4,565.44	10,967.82
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-200.62	-1.87	-23.70	-17.58	-8.91	-38.12	-110.43
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.17%	7.94%	7.10%	5.08%	4.97%	5.35%	4.54%
Transitional definition							
Tier 1 capital	1,193.23	31.33	201.59	119.75	73.05	254.01	513.49
Total exposure	22,142.43	388.56	2,763.03	2,149.13	1,452.85	4,529.99	10,858.87
Exposure values	22,331.12	390.12	2,782.33	2,163.55	1,461.86	4,565.44	10,967.82
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-188.69	-1.56	-19.29	-14.43	-9.01	-35.45	-108.94
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.39%	8.06%	7.30%	5.57%	5.03%	5.61%	4.73%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T03.03.3 Leverage ratios by classification (risk-based) 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Leverage ratio and its components (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Exposure values	22,331.12	15,274.26	7,056.86
Assets other than derivatives and securities financing transactions	18,517.70	12,595.30	5,922.41
Derivatives	С	С	258.58
Securities financing transactions	1,452.59	1,078.81	373.78
Off-balance sheet items	1,586.00	1,083.91	502.09
Deductions of exposures to public sector entities funding general interest investments	С	С	0.00
Fully phased-in definition			
Tier 1 capital	1,143.45	769.85	373.59
Total exposure	22,130.49	15,141.50	6,988.99
Exposure values	22,331.12	15,274.26	7,056.86
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-200.62	-132.76	-67.87
Leverage ratio (fully phased-in definition)	5.17%	5.08%	5.35%
Transitional definition			
Tier 1 capital	1,193.23	791.64	401.59
Total exposure	22,142.43	15,142.94	6,999.49
Exposure values	22,331.12	15,274.26	7,056.86
Asset amount deducted from Tier 1 capital	-188.69	-131.32	-57.37
Leverage ratio (transitional definition)	5.39%	5.23%	5.74%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

#### T03.04.1 Leverage ratio band by reference period

(number of institutions)

Indicator	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
LR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 3%	7	6	6	5	4
3% < LR ≤ 6%	57	59	60	57	57
LR > 6%	58	56	52	52	53
Total	122	121	118	114	114

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

1) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

## T03.04.2 Leverage ratio band by country

(number of institutions)

Country (Q3 2017)	LR <sup>2)</sup> ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Belgium	1	4	2
Germany	-	16	5
Estonia	-	-	2
Ireland	-	1	4
Greece	-	-	4
Spain	-	9	4
France	2	6	3
Italy	-	8	3
Cyprus	-	1	3
Latvia	-	-	3
Lithuania	-	-	3
Luxembourg	-	2	2
Malta	-	1	2
Netherlands	1	5	-
Austria	-	2	6
Portugal	-	1	2
Slovenia	-	-	3
Slovakia 1)	-	-	-
Finland	-	1	2
Total	4	57	53

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

<sup>2)</sup> LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

## T03.04.3 Leverage ratio band by classification (income source)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LR ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	3	30	29
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income			
Mostly net fee and commission income	-	26	24
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	1	1	-
Total	4	57	53

Source: ECB.

# T03.04.3 Leverage ratio band by classification (geographical diversification, version 1)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	1	12	9
Banks with significant international exposures 3)			
One geographical area			
SSM	1	5	3
Non-SSM EEA 4) and RoW 5)	0	2	7
Internationally diversified 6)			
SSM <sup>7)</sup>	0	2	4
SSM and non-SSM EEA	0	7	7
SSM and RoW	0	8	10
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	1	21	13
Exposures without geographically focused exposures 8)	1	0	0
Total	4	57	53

Source: ECB.

- 1) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 6) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 8) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

# T03.04.3 Leverage ratio band by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	1	12	9
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM (northern Europe) 3)	0	0	1
SSM (central Europe) 3)	1	22	17
SSM (southern Europe) 3)	2	3	4
Non-SSM EEA 4)	0	13	18
Non-EEA Europe <sup>5)</sup>	0	3	1
Africa	0	0	0
Asia and Oceania	0	0	0
North America	0	4	2
Latin America and the Caribbean	0	0	1
Total	4	57	53

#### Source: ECE

- 1) LR stands for Leverage Ratio.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) European countries not in the EEA.

## T03.04.3 Leverage ratio band by classification (size)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 3%	3% < LR ≤ 6%	LR > 6%
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	0	6	24
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	3	22	23
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	1	11	2
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	0	5	1
More than €300 billion	0	5	3
G-SIBs <sup>2)</sup>	0	8	0
Total	4	57	53

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> LR stands for Leverage Ratio.

<sup>2)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

T03.05.1 Risk exposures composition by reference period (EUR billions)

Risk exposures	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,895.20	6,860.98	6,861.32	6,719.07	6,604.60
Standardised approach (SA)	3,108.08	3,110.28	3,115.16	2,986.09	2,911.77
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,779.71	3,742.97	3,738.09	3,725.44	3,685.42
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	7.73	8.06	7.55	7.41
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.17	0.15	0.13	0.16	0.08
Market risk exposure amount	319.34	297.76	294.87	287.93	269.78
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	128.06	100.29	98.90	101.53	101.60
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	191.28	197.47	195.97	186.41	168.18
Operational risk exposure amount	818.29	817.38	822.66	817.54	826.29
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	65.77	64.33	62.89	60.76	60.46
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	324.43	323.80	309.97	305.10	303.50
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	428.08	429.25	449.81	451.68	462.32
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	94.37	86.41	79.85	68.79	65.23
Other <sup>7)</sup>	27.96	25.48	18.82	21.70	22.11
Total risk exposure amount	8,155.33	8,088.16	8,077.65	7,915.21	7,788.09

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

- 1) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

## T03.05.2 Risk exposures composition by country/1

(EUR billions)

Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	Belgium	Germany	Estonia	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Italy	Cyprus
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	158.84	935.07	С	147.54	159.31	1,301.88	2,035.81	861.84	26.78
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	35.13	274.49	С	С	129.32	806.98	812.92	477.34	26.78
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	123.36	659.43	С	76.58	29.99	494.44	1,219.63	С	0.00
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	0.34	1.16	С	С	0.00	0.46	3.26	С	0.00
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	С	0.02	С	С	С	0.01	0.01	С	С
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	6.32	77.07	С	2.79	5.72	45.63	65.64	40.08	С
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	101.60	1.92	24.11	С	2.79	1.73	21.13	23.33	14.09	С
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	168.18	4.40	52.96	С	0.00	4.00	24.50	42.31	26.00	0.00
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	17.61	169.88	С	14.64	С	С	237.20	90.02	3.52
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	60.46	1.58	5.93	С	0.00	С	19.83	9.04	12.95	1.13
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	303.50	16.03	36.70	С	14.64	13.33	97.50	78.19	16.53	2.39
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	462.32	0.00	127.25	С	0.00	0.00	С	149.97	60.54	0.00
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	С	22.74	С	2.06	0.31	4.31	14.44	5.82	0.07
Other 7)	22.11	С	1.22	С	С	0.00	С	3.01	С	0.00
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	194.06	1,205.99	С	168.01	178.67	1,488.09	2,356.12	997.94	30.56

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

- 1) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

## T03.05.2 Risk exposures composition by country/2

(EUR billions)

Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia 8)	Finland
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	С	7.59	27.22	8.36	535.04	217.89	108.95	11.17	=	50.49
Standardised approach (SA)	С	3.07	10.18	8.36	65.74	С	61.61	11.17	-	7.69
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3.60	4.52	С	0.00	468.35	110.25	47.35	0.00	-	42.81
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	С	0.00	С	0.00	0.95	С	0.00	0.00	-	0.00
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.00	0.00	С	0.00	0.00	С	0.00	0.00	-	С
Market risk exposure amount	С	0.13	0.61	0.01	12.15	7.43	3.64	0.12	-	С
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	С	0.13	0.61	0.01	1.77	4.32	С	0.12	-	С
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.38	3.11	С	0.00	-	0.00
Operational risk exposure amount	0.72	С	3.99	0.81	С	34.15	7.68	1.52	-	5.29
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	С	0.00	0.56	С	С	5.53	0.00	1.52	-	С
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	С	0.53	С	С	2.72	7.81	7.68	0.00	-	4.96
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	С	С	С	0.00	86.15	20.81	0.00	0.00	-	С
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	0.00	С	0.29	С	6.96	1.46	1.04	0.00	-	0.24
Other 7)	0.00	0.00	С	С	С	С	1.37	0.00	-	С
Total risk exposure amount	С	8.43	33.06	9.18	644.26	263.40	122.69	12.81	-	62.56

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".
- 8) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

# T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (income source) (EUR billions)

			Banks with non-interest income me	ore than 40% of operating income
Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	Mostly net fee and commission income	
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	С	3,482.88	С
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	С	1,506.33	С
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	С	1,972.26	С
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	С	4.28	С
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	С	0.06	С
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	С	159.09	С
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	101.60	С	54.66	С
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	168.18	С	104.43	С
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	С	454.72	С
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	60.46	С	31.98	С
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	303.50	С	131.78	С
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	462.32	С	290.95	С
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	С	34.42	С
Other 7)	22.11	C	11.14	C
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	С	4,142.30	С

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

- 1) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (EUR billions)

				Banks	with significant in	ternational expos	ıres <sup>9)</sup>		
Diek eyneeyyee		Banks with significant	One geogra	phical area			Banks without		
Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	domestic exposures <sup>8)</sup>	SSM	Non-SSM EEA <sup>10)</sup> and RoW <sup>11)</sup>	SSM <sup>13)</sup>	SSM and non-SSM EEA	SSM and RoW	SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	geographically focused exposures <sup>14)</sup>
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	577.64	284.73	С	62.87	387.02	1,877.46	3,293.23	С
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	433.45	146.89	65.73	С	232.47	778.26	1,218.34	С
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	144.17	137.83	54.32	С	154.29	1,098.06	2,068.92	С
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	0.02	0.01	0.00	С	0.26	1.14	5.98	С
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	С	С	С	0.00	0.00	С	0.06	С
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	11.67	С	1.86	1.55	12.44	60.69	172.87	С
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	101.60	8.91	С	0.73	1.55	4.95	33.99	46.41	С
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	168.18	2.76	С	1.13	0.00	7.49	26.70	126.46	С
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	54.32	26.37	10.69	7.73	С	195.15	495.36	С
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	60.46	17.57	3.27	1.07	С	2.38	19.20	16.09	С
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	303.50	22.45	23.10	9.17	С	32.56	77.97	131.12	С
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	462.32	14.29	0.00	0.45	0.00	С	97.99	348.16	С
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	С	1.83	0.94	0.45	4.42	15.40	39.37	С
Other 7)	22.11	2.74	6.36	С	0.00	С	С	8.92	С
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	648.38	328.00	С	72.60	442.22	2,150.41	4,009.81	С

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".
- 8) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 9) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 10) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 11 RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 12) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 13) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 14) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (EUR billions)

					l	Banks with larç	gest non-dome	stic exposures	;		
Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with domestic exposures <sup>8)</sup>	SSM	SSM central Europe <sup>9)</sup>	SSM southern Europe <sup>9)</sup>	Non-SSM EEA <sup>10)</sup>	Non-EEA Europe <sup>11)</sup>	Africa	Asia and Oceania	North America	Latin America and the Caribbean
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	577.64	С	2,144.26	781.67	1,960.79	33.84	-	-	789.86	С
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	433.45	С	765.76	С	948.98	29.42	-	-	200.09	С
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	144.17	С	1,375.72	463.15	1,008.45	С	-	-	588.97	С
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	0.02	С	2.77	С	3.36	С	-	-	0.80	С
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	С	С	С	С	0.01	0.00	-	-	0.02	С
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	11.67	С	75.98	17.02	91.93	0.99	-	-	56.04	С
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	101.60	8.91	С	28.22	10.47	28.56	0.99	-	-	15.49	С
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	168.18	2.76	С	47.76	6.55	63.37	0.00	-	-	40.55	С
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	54.32	С	252.11	С	243.64	3.54	-	-	С	С
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	60.46	17.57	С	22.84	2.53	7.72	3.04	-	-	0.72	С
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	303.50	22.45	С	70.99	29.42	127.88	С	-	-	С	С
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	462.32	14.29	С	158.29	С	108.04	С	-	-	125.42	С
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	С	С	22.95	8.08	17.37	0.39	-	-	12.59	С
Other 7)	22.11	2.74	С	С	2.32	4.72	0.00	-	=	С	С
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	648.38	С	2,507.21	880.17	2,318.46	38.75		-	1,027.29	С

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

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- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".
- 8) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 9) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 10) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 11) European countries not in the EEA.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (size) (EUR billions)

				Total assets			
Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	Between €200 billion and €300 billion	More than €300 hillion	G-SIBs <sup>8)</sup>
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	152.27	1,059.85	615.11	404.84	1,438.76	2,933.78
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	115.12	780.82	255.82	123.40	528.26	1,108.34
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	С	С	359.02	280.95	908.38	1,821.14
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	С	С	0.26	0.48	2.12	4.30
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	0.00	С	0.01	С	0.00	0.05
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	1.85	27.41	27.72	18.03	62.42	132.35
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	101.60	1.85	20.85	14.51	10.75	18.13	35.52
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	168.18	0.00	6.56	13.20	7.28	44.30	96.84
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	17.13	88.16	61.35	55.02	166.68	437.94
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	60.46	С	18.92	8.66	С	15.59	7.40
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	303.50	9.74	64.56	33.38	36.08	36.20	123.54
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	462.32	С	4.67	19.31	С	114.89	307.00
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	0.83	10.67	11.28	4.51	12.60	25.34
Other 7)	22.11	2.13	С	8.78	С	0.92	2.96
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	174.20	1,189.30	724.25	486.53	1,681.39	3,532.43

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

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- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".
- 8) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs is used as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (risk-based) (EUR billions)

Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	4,386.39	2,218.22
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	1,823.60	1,088.17
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	2,556.19	1,129.23
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 2)	7.41	6.60	0.81
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	0.01	0.06
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	163.25	106.53
Market risk exposure under SA 3)	101.60	61.79	39.81
Market risk exposure under IM approach 4)	168.18	101.46	66.72
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	508.13	318.15
Operational risk exposure under BIA 5)	60.46	33.09	27.38
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 6)	303.50	201.50	102.00
Operational risk exposure under AMA 7)	462.32	273.55	188.77
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	36.50	28.74
Other 8)	22.11	12.59	9.52
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	5,106.87	2,681.22

#### Source: ECB

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

- 2) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 3) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 4) IM stands for internal model.
- 5) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 6) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 7) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 8) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T03.05.3 Risk exposures composition by classification (sovereign exposures) (EUR billions)

				Banks	with sovereign expo	sures		
Disk someone			Mostly d	omestic	Mostly to other	SSM countries	Mostly to non-S	SSM countries
Risk exposures (Q3 2017)	Total	Non-significant	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade	Investment grade	Non-investment grade
Credit risk-weighted exposure amounts	6,604.60	217.77	3,579.20	С	499.33	-	2,180.39	С
Standardised approach (SA)	2,911.77	142.67	1,603.27	С	124.70	-	943.22	С
Internal ratings based approach (IRB)	3,685.42	С	1,972.82	29.99	373.67	-	1,233.86	С
Risk exposure for contributions to the default fund of a CCP 1)	7.41	С	3.12	0.00	0.96	-	3.32	С
Settlement/delivery risk exposure amount	0.08	С	0.05	С	С	-	0.02	С
Market risk exposure amount	269.78	7.09	113.93	С	15.78	-	127.45	С
Market risk exposure under SA 2)	101.60	7.09	56.13	С	3.98	-	32.86	С
Market risk exposure under IM approach 3)	168.18	0.00	57.80	С	11.80	-	94.59	С
Operational risk exposure amount	826.29	22.12	356.41	С	76.77	-	359.12	С
Operational risk exposure under BIA 4)	60.46	С	40.30	1.14	3.56	-	14.40	С
Operational risk exposure under TSA/ASA 5)	303.50	20.92	169.55	С	12.83	-	89.47	С
Operational risk exposure under AMA 6)	462.32	С	146.57	0.00	60.38	-	255.25	С
Risk exposure for credit valuation adjustment	65.23	1.31	34.92	С	8.23	-	20.47	С
Other 7)	22.11	С	9.81	0.00	C	-	5.38	C
Total risk exposure amount	7,788.09	252.67	4,094.32	С	602.65	-	2,692.83	С

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

Only relevant components of risk exposures have been reported.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) CCP stands for central counterparty.
- 2) SA stands for standardised appraoch.
- 3) IM stands for internal model.
- 4) BIA stands for basic indicator approach.
- 5) TSA stands for traditional standardised approach. ASA stands for alternative standardised approach.
- 6) AMA stands for advanced measurement approach.
- 7) Includes "additional risk exposure amount due to fixed overheads", "total risk exposure amount related to large exposures in the trading book" and "other risk exposure amounts".

# T03.06 Asset quality: performing and non-performing exposures by instrument and counterparty (EUR billions; percentages)

					Performing	exposures				
Type of instrument and counterparty	Q3 2	2016	Q4 2	2016	Q1 2	Q1 2017		2017	Q3 2017	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Loans and advances 1)	13,249.94	0.44%	13,371.19	0.43%	13,809.76	0.41%	13,721.70	0.40%	13,969.28	0.38%
Central banks	793.54	0.00%	1,112.95	0.00%	1,432.34	0.00%	1,503.05	0.00%	1,762.10	0.00%
General governments	1,029.09	0.07%	1,008.14	0.06%	999.25	0.06%	960.98	0.06%	952.33	0.05%
Credit institutions	1,357.25	0.04%	1,196.91	0.04%	1,229.77	0.04%	1,164.81	0.04%	1,186.59	0.05%
Other financial corporations	897.37	0.13%	858.12	0.13%	918.07	0.14%	880.34	0.13%	861.38	0.14%
Non-financial corporations	4,220.05	0.73%	4,265.62	0.72%	4,271.96	0.70%	4,227.71	0.70%	4,292.96	0.67%
Households	4,952.64	0.50%	4,929.45	0.49%	4,958.37	0.50%	4,984.81	0.45%	4,913.92	0.45%
Debt securities at amortised cost	758.65	0.19%	764.86	0.18%	765.42	0.18%	726.22	0.17%	704.26	0.17%
Debt securities at fair value other than HFT 2)	1,845.64	0.02%	1,782.70	0.04%	1,727.93	0.04%	1,680.41	0.07%	1,637.12	0.07%
Off-balance sheet exposures	5,206.92	0.09%	5,220.24	0.10%	5,410.67	0.10%	5,303.10	0.10%	5,234.96	0.09%
Total	21,061.16	0.31%	21,138.99	0.30%	21,713.77	0.30%	21,431.42	0.29%	21,545.62	0.28%

					Non-performi	ing exposures				
Type of instrument and counterparty	Q3 2	2016	Q4 2	Q4 2016		2017	Q2 2017		Q3 2017	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Loans and advances 1)	920.12	45.77%	876.88	46.28%	865.35	46.57%	795.14	46.30%	759.10	45.92%
Central banks	0.22	92.84%	0.22	93.55%	0.22	93.62%	0.23	91.09%	0.22	90.49%
General governments	8.24	11.36%	6.99	12.99%	6.64	14.50%	6.08	12.81%	5.83	13.88%
Credit institutions	3.04	49.65%	3.15	48.50%	3.56	40.65%	2.80	46.48%	2.35	36.55%
Other financial corporations	31.23	49.10%	25.87	51.20%	25.38	51.58%	21.97	49.20%	21.00	49.27%
Non-financial corporations	572.42	48.27%	546.06	48.78%	537.32	49.21%	484.46	49.41%	459.39	48.71%
Households	304.98	41.60%	294.60	41.95%	292.23	42.06%	279.59	41.39%	270.32	41.65%
Debt securities at amortised cost	5.76	36.14%	5.06	41.29%	5.45	41.99%	5.49	41.50%	4.56	44.22%
Debt securities at fair value other than HFT 2)	3.37	49.18%	2.30	60.34%	2.22	60.26%	2.23	60.00%	5.60	24.66%
Off-balance sheet exposures	42.31	13.63%	43.70	13.77%	42.31	14.10%	40.61	14.28%	40.07	14.28%
Total	971.55	44.33%	927.94	44.76%	915.33	45.08%	843.47	44.77%	809.34	44.19%

Source: ECB

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

<sup>2)</sup> HFT stands for held for trading.

# T03.07.1 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by reference period (EUR billions; percentages)

Item	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Loans and advances 1)	14,170.07	14,248.07	14,675.11	14,516.83	14,728.39
Non-performing loans and advances	920.12	876.88	865.35	795.14	759.10
Non-performing loans ratio	6.49%	6.15%	5.90%	5.48%	5.15%

### Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

T03.07.2 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q3 2017)	Loans and advances <sup>1)</sup>	Non-performing loans and advances	Non-performing loans ratio
Belgium	462.73	13.49	2.92%
Germany	2,762.41	55.27	2.00%
Estonia	С	С	С
Ireland	244.32	29.75	12.18%
Greece	228.08	106.29	46.60%
Spain	2,352.96	111.83	<i>4.7</i> 5%
France	4,353.45	137.82	3.17%
Italy	1,653.98	195.97	11.85%
Cyprus	52.09	17.72	34.02%
Latvia	С	С	2.58%
Lithuania	18.29	0.57	3.11%
Luxembourg	79.52	1.12	1.41%
Malta	13.77	0.50	3.65%
Netherlands	1,776.42	40.15	2.26%
Austria	397.32	16.59	4.18%
Portugal	150.25	27.23	18.12%
Slovenia	14.80	2.01	13.60%
Slovakia 2)	-	-	-
Finland	143.20	2.33	1.63%
Total	14,728.39	759.10	5.15%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

<sup>2)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

### T03.07.3 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by classification (income source)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Loans and advances <sup>1)</sup>	Non-performing loans and advances	Non-performing loans ratio
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	C	C	5.46%
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income			
Mostly net fee and commission income	7,665.12	384.43	5.02%
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	C	C	С
Total	14,728.39	759.10	5.15%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

# T03.07.3 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Loans and advances <sup>8)</sup>	Non-performing loans and advances	Non-performing loans ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	1,056.67	112.13	10.61%
Banks with significant international exposures 2)			
One geographical area			
SSM	603.79	42.76	7.08%
Non-SSM EEA 3) and RoW 4)	235.27	39.65	16.85%
Internationally diversified 5)			
SSM <sup>6)</sup>	С	С	8.84%
SSM and non-SSM EEA	897.19	93.12	10.38%
SSM and RoW	4,195.99	155.11	3.70%
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	7,489.50	302.31	4.04%
Banks without geographically focused exposures 7)	С	С	С
Total	14,728.39	759.10	5.15%

### Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 5) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 7) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 8) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

# T03.07.3 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Loans and advances <sup>5)</sup>	Non-performing loans and advances	Non-performing loans ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	1,056.67	112.13	10.61%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM (northern Europe) 2)	С	С	С
SSM (central Europe) 2)	5,081.88	208.35	4.10%
SSM (southern Europe) 2)	1,543.52	70.12	4.54%
Non-SSM EEA 3)	4,061.59	284.17	7.00%
Non-EEA Europe 4)	81.61	5.64	6.91%
Africa	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-
North America	2,415.84	58.21	2.41%
Latin America and the Caribbean	С	С	С
Total	14,728.39	759.10	5.15%

### Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) European countries not in the EEA.
- 5) Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

### T03.07.3 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Loans and advances 2)	Non-performing loans and advances	Non-performing loans ratio
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	319.10	37.41	11.72%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	2,041.09	213.94	10.48%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	1,463.11	101.64	6.95%
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	1,084.58	30.66	2.83%
More than €300 billion	3,318.24	145.22	4.38%
G-SIBs 1)	6,502.28	230.23	3.54%
Total	14,728.39	759.10	5.15%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

<sup>2)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

# T03.07.3 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by classification (risk-based) 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Loans and advances <sup>2)</sup>	Non-performing loans and advances	Non-performing loans ratio
Banks with low risk	10,017.07	327.99	3.27%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	4,711.32	431.12	9.15%
Total	14,728.39	759.10	5.15%

### Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

<sup>2)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

# T03.07.3 Asset quality: non-performing loans and advances by classification (sovereign exposures) (EUR billions; percentages)

Category Non-performing loans and advances Non-performing loans ratio Loans and advances (Q3 2017) Banks with sovereign exposures Non-significant С С 5.12% Mostly domestic Investment grade 8,212.48 448.09 5.46% Non-investment grade 185.51 81.56 43.97% Mostly to other SSM countries Investment grade 1,373.82 59.24 4.31% Non-investment grade Mostly to non-SSM countries Investment grade 4,581.75 150.62 3.29% Non-investment grade С С С Total 14,728.39 759.10 5.15%

### Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

T03.08.1 Asset quality: forbearance by instrument and counterparty

(EUR billions; percentages)

	Performing forborne exposures									
Type of instrument and counterparty	Q3 2	2016	Q4 2	Q4 2016		Q1 2017		2017	Q3 2017	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Loans and advances 1)	230.43	3.96%	194.01	4.30%	187.69	4.54%	177.16	4.39%	169.01	4.20%
Central banks	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
General governments	4.90	0.94%	3.51	0.63%	3.13	1.25%	2.84	0.77%	2.75	0.70%
Credit institutions	С	0.21%	С	2.17%	С	С	С	С	С	3.17%
Other financial corporations	3.92	3.19%	2.87	3.05%	2.57	3.35%	2.42	3.09%	2.23	3.18%
Non-financial corporations	105.59	4.39%	92.06	4.06%	89.43	4.34%	84.25	4.20%	80.03	3.79%
Households	116.00	3.72%	95.52	4.70%	92.52	4.88%	87.62	4.73%	83.97	4.73%
Debt securities at amortised cost	0.11	0.99%	С	1.43%	С	0.87%	0.23	0.74%	0.22	0.74%
Debt securities at fair value other than HFT 2)	0.00	0.00%	С	0.00%	С	С	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%
Off-balance sheet exposures	6.51	1.11%	6.09	1.01%	6.38	0.97%	6.93	0.91%	6.99	0.62%
Total	237.06	3.88%	200.22	4.20%	194.31	4.41%	184.32	4.25%	176.22	4.05%

	Non-performing forborne exposures									
Type of instrument and counterparty	Q3 2	2016	Q4 2016		Q1 2017		Q2 2017		Q3 2017	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Loans and advances 1)	338.99	37.17%	337.03	37.32%	333.50	37.37%	320.13	37.86%	304.24	37.00%
Central banks	С	С	С	100.00%	С	С	С	С	С	С
General governments	1.95	10.27%	2.13	10.85%	2.01	11.27%	1.81	9.97%	1.67	11.67%
Credit institutions	С	26.15%	С	22.72%	С	18.90%	С	17.75%	С	16.80%
Other financial corporations	11.51	40.96%	9.44	38.48%	8.92	38.56%	8.56	38.03%	8.46	36.28%
Non-financial corporations	222.36	40.52%	222.70	40.71%	219.81	41.06%	207.03	42.00%	192.80	41.01%
Households	102.69	30.05%	102.28	30.44%	102.32	29.92%	102.34	30.05%	100.89	29.90%
Debt securities at amortised cost	С	25.11%	С	17.54%	0.32	18.23%	0.24	17.04%	0.41	16.93%
Debt securities at fair value other than HFT 2)	С	9.23%	С	8.51%	0.19	10.43%	0.11	19.57%	0.19	10.89%
Off-balance sheet exposures	4.00	4.33%	5.34	4.86%	4.88	5.68%	4.83	4.70%	10.02	1.78%
Total	343.55	36.76%	342.86	36.78%	338.90	36.88%	325.30	37.35%	314.86	35.84%

Source: ECB

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans and advances in the asset quality tables are displayed at gross carrying amount. In line with FINREP: i) held for trading exposures are excluded, ii) cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits are included.

<sup>2)</sup> HFT stands for held for trading.

T03.08.2 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

<b>0</b>		Total exp	osures		Forborne exposures					
Country (Q3 2017)	Perfo	rming	Non-pei	forming	Perfo	rming	Non-performing			
(43 2017)	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio		
Belgium	772.80	0.12%	14.52	43.56%	2.70	2.52%	С	33.58%		
Germany	3,916.90	0.21%	60.10	38.37%	14.06	2.75%	33.26	38.78%		
Estonia	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С		
Ireland	316.02	0.47%	30.66	30.56%	8.14	6.53%	20.74	27.00%		
Greece	168.01	1.21%	107.55	46.91%	16.94	4.87%	39.85	35.36%		
Spain	3,285.68	0.61%	119.02	41.22%	56.81	5.62%	70.30	36.17%		
France	6,867.57	0.23%	153.98	47.42%	15.07	6.58%	34.19	38.13%		
Italy	2,661.26	0.26%	208.21	47.78%	26.69	2.76%	56.67	35.65%		
Cyprus	41.45	0.42%	18.16	44.77%	3.33	1.82%	7.61	32.92%		
Latvia	С	0.22%	С	29.33%	0.18	2.27%	0.18	23.30%		
Lithuania	21.12	0.11%	0.58	30.36%	С	1.26%	0.36	33.01%		
Luxembourg	125.12	0.04%	1.19	31.80%	С	С	С	С		
Malta	22.36	0.20%	0.52	36.02%	С	С	0.30	27.16%		
Netherlands	2,350.72	0.09%	41.79	31.11%	17.52	0.62%	22.16	27.05%		
Austria	557.68	0.30%	17.54	52.53%	4.36	2.43%	7.26	49.97%		
Portugal	194.83	0.37%	30.46	44.99%	5.50	1.76%	13.69	46.09%		
Slovenia	21.59	0.97%	2.16	63.83%	0.20	9.83%	1.18	60.83%		
Slovakia 1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Finland	192.55	0.03%	2.43	24.67%	2.53	С	0.92	13.51%		
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%		

Source: ECB

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

# T03.08.3 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (income source)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Catamani		Total ex	posures		Forborne exposures			
Category (Q3 2017)	Performing		Non-performing		Performing		Non-performing	
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	С	0.38%	C	41.41%	113.35	4.23%	182.40	35.79%
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income								
Mostly net fee and commission income	11,585.96	0.22%	414.57	46.64%	С	3.78%	С	35.73%
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	С	С	C	C	С	С	С	С
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

T03.08.3 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (EUR billions; percentages)

0-1		Total exp	oosures		Forborne exposures			
Category (Q3 2017)	Perfo	orming	Non-pe	rforming	Perfo	rming	Non-pe	rforming
(43 2011)	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	1,521.23	0.47%	120.61	41.84%	21.34	3.61%	51.65	31.67%
Banks with significant international exposures 2)								
One geographical area								
SSM	806.73	0.35%	44.55	41.83%	12.19	2.30%	18.89	33.84%
Non-SSM EEA 3) and RoW 4)	277.49	0.38%	41.13	44.17%	9.30	3.32%	15.15	35.06%
Internationally diversified 5)								
SSM <sup>6)</sup>	С	0.18%	С	44.33%	С	1.21%	С	28.22%
SSM and non-SSM EEA	1,119.47	0.32%	95.09	42.62%	15.79	4.66%	43.69	33.23%
SSM and RoW	5,799.75	0.34%	165.88	45.49%	33.68	3.35%	68.99	38.93%
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	11,707.17	0.22%	327.56	45.17%	81.76	4.76%	112.27	37.60%
Banks without geographically focused exposures 7)	С	С	С		С	С	С	С
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 5) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 7) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T03.08.3 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (EUR billions; percentages)

0-1		Total exp	osures		Forborne exposures			
Category (Q3 2017)	Perfo	orming	Non-pe	rforming	Perfo	orming	Non-pe	rforming
	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	1,521.23	0.47%	120.61	41.84%	21.34	3.61%	51.65	31.67%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures								
SSM (northern Europe) 2)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
SSM (central Europe) 2)	7,661.88	0.19%	221.16	47.84%	41.99	3.09%	81.07	38.50%
SSM (southern Europe) <sup>2)</sup>	2,461.00	0.38%	76.33	44.49%	17.91	3.91%	30.62	38.99%
Non-SSM EEA 3)	5,989.66	0.34%	300.90	43.73%	74.90	5.14%	114.38	35.21%
Non-EEA Europe <sup>4)</sup>	117.76	0.28%	6.00	49.13%	0.81	1.82%	1.41	48.00%
Africa	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North America	3,107.84	0.09%	62.53	36.59%	9.71	1.27%	22.12	30.75%
Latin America and the Caribbean	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>2)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>3)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>4)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

# T03.08.3 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Catagory		Total exposures			Forborne exposures			
Category (Q3 2017)	Perfo	Performing		Non-performing		orming	Non-performing	
(43 2011)	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with total assets								
Less than €30 billion	381.16	0.30%	38.54	43.14%	9.86	1.90%	17.86	33.74%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	2,678.07	0.43%	224.17	42.73%	42.36	4.50%	100.40	34.44%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	2,218.75	0.33%	108.21	43.47%	21.01	2.61%	45.45	37.34%
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	1,510.72	0.15%	32.02	43.13%	7.35	2.88%	15.01	33.29%
More than €300 billion	4,703.52	0.27%	153.90	43.56%	38.23	2.24%	57.94	34.36%
G-SIBs 1)	10,053.41	0.25%	252.50	46.48%	57.41	5.98%	78.20	38.82%
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T03.08.3 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (risk-based) (EUR billions; percentages)

Catavani	Total exposures				Forborne exposures			
Category (Q3 2017)	Perfo	rming	Non-per	forming	Perfo	rming	Non-per	forming
(43 2011)	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with low risk	14,806.67	0.28%	354.72	44.01%	89.75	4.50%	120.16	35.79%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	6,738.94	0.28%	454.62	44.33%	86.47	3.58%	194.70	35.87%
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

T03.08.3 Asset quality: non-performing exposures and forbearance by classification (sovereign exposures) (EUR billions; percentages)

Catagoni		Total exp	oosures		Forborne exposures			
Category (Q3 2017)	Perfo	rming	Non-pe	rforming	Perfo	orming	Non-pe	rforming
(40 2011)	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio	Amount	Coverage ratio
Banks with sovereign exposures								
Non-significant	491.79	0.28%	С	35.24%	С	1.23%	С	27.42%
Mostly domestic								
Investment grade	11,715.04	0.28%	478.43	43.99%	86.14	3.40%	188.66	35.30%
Non-investment grade	С	1.13%	82.49	48.45%	14.14	4.72%	31.25	37.03%
Mostly to other SSM countries								
Investment grade	2,018.07	0.10%	61.32	38.14%	18.33	1.61%	24.74	27.43%
Non-investment grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mostly to non-SSM countries								
Investment grade	7,163.63	0.31%	166.37	45.94%	50.15	6.29%	59.26	41.91%
Non-investment grade	С	С	С	С	С		С	С
Total	21,545.62	0.28%	809.34	44.19%	176.22	4.05%	314.86	35.84%

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

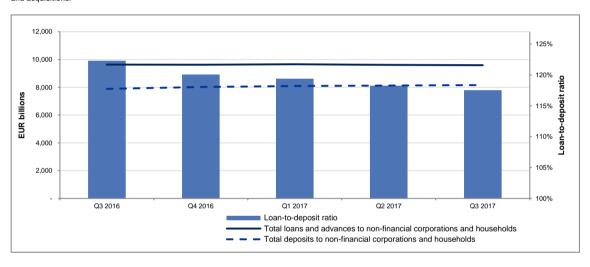
### T04.01.1 Loan-to-deposit ratio by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Indicator	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	9,640.90	9,630.29	9,655.38	9,612.68	9,596.37
Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	7,883.30	8,021.08	8,087.40	8,128.44	8,164.68
Loan-to-deposit ratio	122.30%	120.06%	119.39%	118.26%	117.54%

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. Specifically, there are 122 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 121 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 118 in the first quarter of 2017, 114 in the second and third quarters of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.



### T04.01.2 Loan-to-deposit ratio by country

(EUR billions; percentages)

Country (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Belgium	252.71	241.82	104.50%
Germany	1,292.96	939.73	137.59%
Estonia	C	C	С
Ireland	186.77	171.77	108.74%
Greece	154.92	134.13	115.50%
Spain	1,796.49	1,558.90	115.24%
France	2,911.92	2,600.83	111.96%
Italy	1,103.84	899.42	122.73%
Cyprus	25.40	32.82	77.40%
Latvia	6.75	8.55	78.99%
Lithuania	13.07	12.59	103.86%
Luxembourg	30.03	34.93	85.98%
Malta	8.19	15.36	53.32%
Netherlands	1,285.51	1,024.32	125.50%
Austria	276.82	269.87	102.58%
Portugal	117.63	132.66	88.68%
Slovenia	10.18	15.08	67.54%
Slovakia 1)	-	-	-
Finland	111.79	61.90	180.61%
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

## T04.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (income source)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-denosit ratio
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	С	С	125.75%
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income			
Mostly net fee and commission income	4,812.58	4,315.51	111.52%
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	C	C	С
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

## T04.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (geographical diversification, version 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	756.81	717.22	105.52%
Banks with significant international exposures 2)			
One geographical area			
SSM	454.39	394.56	115.16%
Non-SSM EEA 3) and RoW 4)	140.04	112.48	124.51%
Internationally diversified 5)			
SSM <sup>6)</sup>	C	С	112.95%
SSM and non-SSM EEA	542.92	391.54	138.66%
SSM and RoW	2,867.67	2,273.20	126.15%
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	4,709.09	4,164.54	113.08%
Banks without geographically focused exposures 7)	C	С	С
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 2) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 4) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 5) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 6) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 7) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

## T04.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (geographical diversification, version 2)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Banks with significant domestic exposures 1)	756.81	717.22	105.52%
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM (northern Europe) 2)	C	С	С
SSM (central Europe) 2)	3,252.46	2,649.17	122.77%
SSM (southern Europe) <sup>2)</sup>	1,165.87	1,024.17	113.84%
Non-SSM EEA 3)	2648.723939	2268.772973	1.167469805
Non-EEA Europe <sup>4)</sup>	56.55	29.85	189.45%
Africa	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-
North America	1,358.30	1,152.97	117.81%
Latin America and the Caribbean	C	C	С
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

<sup>2)</sup> United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.

<sup>3)</sup> Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the SIngle Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).

<sup>4)</sup> European countries not in the EEA.

### T04.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-denosit ratio
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	194.52	191.98	101.32%
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	1,265.68	976.46	129.62%
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	901.81	602.34	149.72%
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	634.92	645.50	98.36%
More than €300 billion	2,252.62	1,832.09	122.95%
G-SIBs 1)	4,346.81	3,916.32	110.99%
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available.

1) G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T04.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (risk-based) 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-denosit ratio
Banks with low risk	6,565.02	5,467.68	120.07%
Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated	3,031.35	2,697.00	112.40%
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

## T04.01.3 Loan-to-deposit ratio by classification (sovereign exposures)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Category (Q3 2017)	Total loans and advances to non-financial corporations and households	Total deposits to non-financial corporations and households	Loan-to-deposit ratio
Banks with sovereign exposures			
Non-significant	253.80	169.37	149.85%
Mostly domestic			
Investment grade	5,343.82	4,322.07	123.64%
Non-investment grade	С	С	107.59%
Mostly to other SSM countries			
Investment grade	1,006.98	876.90	114.83%
Non-investment grade	-	-	-
Mostly to non-SSM countries			
Investment grade	2,862.56	2,676.50	106.95%
Non-investment grade	С	С	С
Total	9,596.37	8,164.68	117.54%

Source: ECB.

Notes: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available. C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

#### T05.01.1 Liquidity coverage ratio by reference period

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components 1)	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	2,820.37	2,903.31	3,122.84	3,122.21	3,105.75
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,678.40	2,757.78	2,962.89	2,963.68	2,962.72
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	-98.84	-51.71	-22.70	-93.72	1.24
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,579.55	2,706.07	2,940.18	2,869.96	2,963.97
Excluding EHQCB 2)	2,472.19	2,599.98	2,839.58	2,767.09	2,863.78
EHQCB	107.36	106.09	100.60	102.87	100.19
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	151.97	154.64	167.62	165.68	148.18
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	10.36	19.52	21.57	31.47	21.12
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	162.33	174.17	189.20	197.15	169.30
Level 2A	102.16	106.47	94.67	94.90	77.38
Level 2B	60.17	67.70	94.53	102.25	91.92
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	С	С	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,049.16	2,137.96	2,204.33	2,188.27	2,214.08
Total outflows	3,223.63	3,191.80	3,390.23	3,356.35	3,429.88
Reduction for inflows	1,174.47	1,053.85	1,185.89	1,168.08	1,215.80
Liquidity coverage ratio	137.64%	135.80%	141.67%	142.68%	140.27%

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the liquidity coverage requirement are accounted in the table. According to Article 11(3) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, where a group comprises one or more banks, the EU parent institution shall report the liquidity requirement. As such, the list of banks used for this table is a subset of the list employed elsewhere in the publication, as the scope of production or liquidity differs from the scope of prudential reporting on own funds and specific waivers may apply. Specifically, there are 111 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 110 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 109 in the first quarter of 2017, 105 in the second quarter of 2017 and 104 in the third quarter of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

According to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/322 of 10 February 2016 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions of the liquidity coverage requirement, banks are required to report the liquidity coverage ratio and its components on a monthly basis.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Unless otherwise stated, data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.
- 2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

#### T05.01.2 Liquidity coverage ratio by country/1

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>1)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Belgium	Germany	Estonia 3)	Ireland	Greece	Spain	France	Italy	Cyprus
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	3,105.75	146.06	745.42	-	59.31	С	439.92	908.44	289.04	11.49
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,962.72	140.30	699.93	-	58.28	С	423.81	864.77	282.09	11.37
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	1.24	-18.20	10.12	-	-0.07	С	55.18	-46.77	4.42	0.00
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,963.97	122.10	710.05	-	58.21	С	479.00	818.00	286.50	11.37
Excluding EHQCB 2)	2,863.78	117.77	663.13	-	52.98	С	476.39	799.69	282.47	11.34
EHQCB	100.19	4.33	46.92	-	5.23	С	2.61	18.31	4.04	0.03
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	148.18	С	С	-	1.03	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	21.12	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	169.30	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2A	77.38	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2B	91.92	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,214.08	102.14	475.45	-	44.58	22.89	286.65	734.26	162.15	5.23
Total outflows	3,429.88	126.37	696.61	-	52.56	28.39	371.50	1,248.30	296.50	7.15
Reduction for inflows	1,215.80	24.23	221.16	-	7.98	5.49	84.85	514.04	134.35	1.92
Liquidity coverage ratio	140.27%	143.00%	156.78%		133.06%	С	153.47%	123.72%	178.25%	219.65%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

<sup>1)</sup> Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

<sup>2)</sup> EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

<sup>3)</sup> There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Estonia required to report the liquidity coverage ratio and its components.

#### T05.01.2 Liquidity coverage ratio by country/2

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>1)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Slovenia	Slovakia 3)	Finland
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	С	-	29.09	С	321.80	89.77	29.48	5.20	-	С
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	С	-	26.81	С	299.15	89.20	29.24	5.14	-	С
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	С	-	2.03	С	26.48	3.19	-0.35	С	-	С
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	С	-	28.84	С	325.63	92.38	28.89	С	-	С
Excluding EHQCB 2)	С	-	26.66	С	317.10	89.12	С	5.02	-	С
EHQCB	С	-	2.19	С	8.53	3.27	С	С	-	С
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	С
Level 2A	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	С
Level 2B	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	С	-	19.66	С	254.94	65.58	18.69	1.25	-	С
Total outflows	С	-	34.63	С	416.59	97.79	27.76	2.20	-	С
Reduction for inflows	С	-	14.98	С	161.65	32.21	9.08	0.95	-	С
Liquidity coverage ratio	С		147.98%	С	126.23%	136.89%	157.79%	414.67%		С

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the liquidity coverage requirement are accounted in the table.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

- 1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.
- 2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.
- 3) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.

#### T05.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (income source)

(EUR billions; percentages)

			Banks with non-interest income me	ore than 40% of operating income
Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>1)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	Mostly net fee and commission income	Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	3,105.75	С	1,772.75	С
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,962.72	С	1,692.04	С
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	1.24	С	-43.76	С
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,963.97	С	1,648.27	С
Excluding EHQCB 2)	2,863.78	С	1,606.48	С
EHQCB	100.19	С	41.80	С
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	148.18	С	С	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	21.12	С	С	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	169.30	С	С	С
Level 2A	77.38	С	С	С
Level 2B	91.92	С	С	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	С	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,214.08	С	1,259.23	С
Total outflows	3,429.88	С	1,913.12	С
Reduction for inflows	1,215.80	С	653.89	С
Liquidity coverage ratio	140.27%	142.95%	140.78%	С

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons. A higher number of cells is suppressed arbitrarily on this occasion to preserve the confidentiality regime applicable to some of the figures in the table. The principles behind this derived confidentiality are described in Section 4.2 of the accompanying Methodological note.

<sup>1)</sup> Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

<sup>2)</sup> EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

T05.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (geographical diversification, version 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

				Banks	s with significant ir	iternational expos	ures <sup>4)</sup>		
		Banks with significant	One geogra	aphical area		Internationall	y diversified <sup>7)</sup>		exposures
Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>1)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	domestic exposures 3)	SSM	Non-SSM EEA <sup>5)</sup> and RoW <sup>6)</sup>	SSM <sup>8)</sup>	SSM and non-SSM EEA	SSM and RoW	SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	3,105.75	169.86	102.61	34.36	С	179.00	792.00	1,784.38	С
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,962.72	167.72	98.85	35.90	С	174.10	755.60	1,688.41	С
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	1.24	2.54	-6.80	С	-0.70	-33.27	-14.55	66.02	С
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,963.97	170.25	92.05	С	С	140.83	741.05	1,754.43	С
Excluding EHQCB 2)	2,863.78	166.99	88.15	23.73	С	125.70	718.92	1,699.43	С
EHQCB	100.19	3.26	3.90	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	148.18	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	21.12	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	169.30	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2A	77.38	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2B	91.92	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,214.08	90.95	62.85	25.21	С	121.09	577.76	1,308.05	С
Total outflows	3,429.88	128.17	73.67	39.34	С	153.97	789.44	2,208.74	С
Reduction for inflows	1,215.80	37.22	10.82	14.13	С	32.88	211.67	900.69	С
Liquidity coverage ratio	140.27%	186.76%	163.26%	136.30%	153.41%	147.83%	137.08%	136.41%	С

Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.
- 2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.
- 3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 5) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 6) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 7) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 8) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 9) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T05.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (geographical diversification, version 2)

(EUR billions; percentages)

						Banks with larg	est non-dome:	stic exposures	5		
Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>1)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with significant domestic exposures 3)	SSM northern Europe <sup>4)</sup>	SSM central Europe <sup>4)</sup>	SSM southern Europe <sup>4)</sup>	Non-SSM EEA <sup>5)</sup>	Non-EEA Europe <sup>6)</sup>	Africa	Asia and Oceania	North America	Latin America and the Caribbean
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	3,105.75	169.86	-	1,117.32	С	859.82	14.00	-	-	557.70	С
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,962.72	167.72	-	1,067.70	С	824.73	13.65	-	-	513.77	С
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	1.24	2.54	-	-0.70	-9.37	13.96	С	-	-	-2.83	С
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,963.97	170.25	-	1,067.01	С	838.69	С	-	-	510.95	С
Excluding EHQCB 2)	2,863.78	166.99	-	1,008.20	С	815.96	13.50	-	-	501.58	С
EHQCB	100.19	3.26	-	58.81	С	22.73	С	-	-	9.37	С
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	148.18	С	-	С	С	С	С	-	-	С	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	21.12	С	-	С	С	С	С	-	-	С	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	169.30	С	-	С	С	С	С	-	-	С	С
Level 2A	77.38	С	-	С	С	С	С	-	-	С	С
Level 2B	91.92	С	-	С	С	С	С	-	-	С	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	-	-	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,214.08	90.95	-	805.59	С	621.89	8.78	-	-	414.93	С
Total outflows	3,429.88	128.17	-	1,308.84	С	1,000.81	12.57	-	-	621.49	С
Reduction for inflows	1,215.80	37.22	-	503.25	С	378.92	3.80	-	-	200.00	
Liquidity coverage ratio	140.27%	186.76%	-	138.70%	147.08%	138.26%	159.50%	-	-	134.41%	С

Source: ECB.

- C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- 1) Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.
- 2) EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.
- 3) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 5) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 6) European countries not in the EEA.

#### T05.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (size)

(EUR billions; percentages)

			Ba	anks with total asset	S		
Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>1)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Less than €30 billion	Between €30 billion and €100 billion	Between €100 billion and €200 billion	Between €200 billion and €300 billion	More than €300 billion	
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	3,105.75	65.53	397.50	277.11	255.32	649.47	1,460.82
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,962.72	63.58	385.60	268.25	244.52	624.74	1,376.03
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	1.24	-0.03	-33.83	-2.32	-9.61	17.77	29.25
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,963.97	63.56	351.77	265.93	234.91	642.51	1,405.29
Excluding EHQCB 2)	2,863.78	61.63	326.93	250.12	219.60	624.29	1,381.22
EHQCB	100.19	1.93	24.84	15.81	15.32	18.22	24.07
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	148.18	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	21.12	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	169.30	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2A	77.38	С	С	С	С	С	С
Level 2B	91.92	С	С	С	С	С	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,214.08	39.27	244.39	182.14	170.89	448.66	1,128.74
Total outflows	3,429.88	53.87	348.83	236.66	240.40	617.18	1,932.95
Reduction for inflows	1,215.80	14.60	104.44	54.52	69.52	168.52	804.21
Liquidity coverage ratio	140.27%	166.86%	162.65%	152.15%	149.41%	144.76%	129.42%

Source: ECB.

C: the value is suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

<sup>1)</sup> Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

<sup>2)</sup> EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

<sup>3)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

# T05.01.3 Liquidity coverage ratio by classification (risk-based) 1)

(EUR billions; percentages)

Liquidity coverage ratio and its components <sup>2)</sup> (Q3 2017)	Total	Banks with low risk	Banks with medium, high risk and non-rated
Numerator: Liquidity buffer	3,105.75	2,113.86	991.89
Level 1 assets: unadjusted	2,962.72	2,006.16	956.56
Level 1 asset collaterals and secured cash adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	1.24	26.30	-25.06
Level 1 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	2,963.97	2,032.46	931.50
Excluding EHQCB 3)	2,863.78	1,961.85	901.93
EHQCB	100.19	70.62	29.57
Level 2 assets: unadjusted	148.18	С	С
Level 2 asset collaterals adjustments for 30 days outflows and inflows	21.12	С	С
Level 2 assets: adjusted amount before cap application	169.30	С	С
Level 2A	77.38	С	С
Level 2B	91.92	С	С
Excess liquidity asset amount	72.08	С	С
Denominator: Net liquidity outflow	2,214.08	1,563.98	650.10
Total outflows	3,429.88	2,444.83	985.05
Reduction for inflows	1,215.80	880.85	334.95
Liquidity coverage ratio	140.27%	135.16%	152.58%

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> Risk-based classification using Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) results. Non-rated banks are those which have not been assigned a score in a specific SREP cycle, owing for example a recent change in significance, a merger or restructuring, etc. Classification as non-rated does not therefore necessarily indicate a high risk.

<sup>2)</sup> Data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.

<sup>3)</sup> EHQCB stands for Extremely High Quality Covered Bonds.

# T05.02.1 Liquidity coverage ratio band by reference period

(number of institutions)

Indicator 1)	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
LCR <sup>2)</sup> ≤ 100%	13	9	9	4	5
100% < LCR ≤ 150%	49	53	43	46	46
LCR > 150%	49	48	57	55	53
Total	111	110	109	105	104

Source: ECB.

Note: Significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation for which common reporting on capital adequacy (COREP) and financial reporting (FINREP) are available; only the banks that have to comply with the liquidity coverage requirement are accounted in the table. According to Article 11(3) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, where a group comprises one or more banks, the EU parent institution shall report the liquidity requirement. As such, the list of banks used for this table is a subset of the list employed elsewhere in the publication, as the scope of reporting on liquidity differs from the scope of prudential reporting on own funds and specific waivers may apply. Specifically, there are 111 banks in the third quarter of 2016, 110 in the fourth quarter of 2016, 109 in the first quarter of 2017, 105 in the second quarter of 2017 and 104 in the third quarter of 2017. The number of entities per reference period reflects changes resulting from amendments to the list of SIs following assessments by ECB Banking Supervision, which generally occur on an annual basis, and mergers and acquisitions.

According to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/322 of 10 February 2016 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions of the liquidity coverage requirement, banks are required to report the liquidity coverage ratio and its components on a monthly basis.

- 1) Unless otherwise stated, data refer to the end of the quarter specified in the header.
- 2) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

### T05.02.2 Liquidity coverage ratio band by country

(number of institutions)

Country (Q3 2017)	LCR <sup>3)</sup> ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Belgium	-	4	3
Germany	-	8	13
Estonia	-	-	-
Ireland	-	4	1
Greece	4	-	-
Spain	-	4	9
France	-	5	5
Italy	-	4	7
Cyprus	-	2	2
Latvia	-	-	1
Lithuania	-	-	-
Luxembourg	-	2	2
Malta	-	1	1
Netherlands	-	4	2
Austria	-	6	2
Portugal	1	-	2
Slovenia	-	-	3
Slovakia 2)	-	-	-
Finland		2	
Total	5	46	53

Source: ECB.

- 1) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Estonia.
- 2) There are no significant institutions at the highest level of consolidation in Slovakia.
- 3) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

### T05.02.3 Liquidity coverage ratio band by classification (income source)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LCR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Banks with net interest income more than 60% of operating income	4	26	28
Banks with non-interest income more than 40% of operating income			
Mostly net fee and commission income	1	19	24
Mostly net trading income and foreign exchange gains and losses	-	1	1
Total	5	46	53

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

# T05.02.3 Liquidity coverage ratio band by classification (geographical diversification, version 1) (number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LCR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	_	4	15
Banks with significant international exposures 3)			
One geographical area			
SSM	1	5	3
Non-SSM EEA 4) and RoW 5)	1	2	2
Internationally diversified <sup>6)</sup>			
SSM <sup>7)</sup>	-	2	3
SSM and non-SSM EEA	2	5	5
SSM and RoW	1	8	9
SSM, non-SSM EEA and RoW	-	20	15
Exposures without geographically focused exposures 8)	-	-	1
Total	5	46	53

Source: ECB.

- 1) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) International exposures more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) RoW: rest of the world, i.e. countries outside the EEA.
- 6) International exposures to both SSM and non-SSM (non-SSM EEA and RoW) countries more than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 7) International exposures to SSM countries larger than those to non-SSM EEA countries and the rest of the world.
- 8) Domestic exposures less than 95% and exposures to SSM and non-SSM countries each less than 5% of total debt securities and loans and advances.

T05.02.3 Liquidity coverage ratio band by classification (geographical diversification, version 2) (number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LCR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Banks with significant domestic exposures 2)	_	4	15
Banks with largest non-domestic exposures			
SSM (northern Europe) 3)	-	-	-
SSM (central Europe) 3)	1	18	20
SSM (southern Europe) 3)	1	3	5
Non-SSM EEA 4)	3	14	9
Non-EEA Europe 5)	-	2	2
Africa	-	-	-
Asia and Oceania	-	-	-
North America	-	4	2
Latin America and the Caribbean	-	1	-
Total	5	46	53

#### Source: ECE

- 1) LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.
- 2) Domestic exposures more than 95% of total debt securities and loans and advances.
- 3) United Nations (Department of Economic and Social Affairs) classification. "Central Europe" comprises countries falling under "Western Europe" and "Eastern Europe" in the UN classification.
- 4) Countries in the European Economic Area (EEA) not participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM).
- 5) European countries not in the EEA.

#### T05.02.3 Liquidity coverage ratio band by classification (size)

(number of institutions)

Category (Q3 2017)	LCR <sup>1)</sup> ≤ 100%	100% < LCR ≤ 150%	LCR > 150%
Banks with total assets			
Less than €30 billion	-	10	11
Between €30 billion and €100 billion	5	12	31
Between €100 billion and €200 billion	-	7	6
Between €200 billion and €300 billion	-	4	2
More than €300 billion	-	6	2
G-SIBs <sup>2)</sup>	-	7	1
Total	5	46	53

Source: ECB.

<sup>1)</sup> LCR stands for Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

<sup>2)</sup> G-SIBs: global systemically important banks. Data based on the last available list of G-SIBs as published by the Financial Stability Board.

#### T06.01 Overview of the data quality findings

(number of issues; percentages)

Data quality dimension	Findings		Resolved on	8 January	Remaining on 8 January		
(Q3 2017)	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	
Punctuality	2	0.03%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Accuracy and consistency	3,564	62.33%	3,563	99.97%	1	0.03%	
Stability	24	0.42%	17	70.83%	7	29.17%	
Completeness	17	0.30%	0	0.00%	17	100.00%	
Plausibility	2,111	36.92%	1,676	79.39%	435	20.61%	
Total	5,718	100.00%	5,258	91.96%	460	8.04%	

#### Source: ECB.

Notes: The overview of the data quality findings shows the number of findings by dimension at the date for submission of reports to the ECB (i.e. 28 November 2017) and their evolution up to 8 January 2018. The percentage of resolved issues is also disclosed. The quality of the published data is assessed following the ECB Statistics Quality Framework (see link below) along the following dimensions.

- (1) Punctuality: refers to the time lag between the submission date and the actual submission of the data to the ECB.
- (2) Accuracy and consistency: accuracy is considered to be the absence of mistakes and exact correspondence of the reported values with the underlying concept for each data point. It is quantified using the number of failing validation rules and completeness checks affecting only one template. Consistency is defined as the satisfaction of logical relationships between different subsets of the data (i.e. across templates).
- (3) Stability: is investigated by examining changes between periods in the total number of data points reported per report.
- (4) Completeness: is defined as the availability of the required information. This is based on a set of expected data points defined as significant to be reported by all institutions, irrespective of their business model, size or country of origin.
- (5) Plausibility: the checks aim to detect outliers in the reported data. Outlying values are flagged and analysed further from a supervisory perspective.

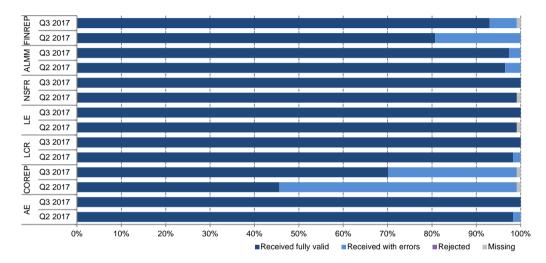
#### ECB Statistics Quality Framework

https://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/html/sqf.en.html

#### T06.02 Data quality: punctuality

(number of submissions; percentages)

Report status	AE		COR	EP	LCF	₹	LE		NSF	R	ALM	IM	FINR	EP
Report Status	Q2 2017	Q3 2017												
Received fully valid	112	114	52	80	112	114	113	114	113	114	110	111	92	106
Received with errors	2	0	61	33	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	22	7
Missing	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Rejected	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total expected	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114



Source: ECB.

Notes: The chart shows the evolution between the second quarter of 2017 and the third quarter of 2017 in terms of punctuality, showing the percentages of the total expected submissions for received, rejected and missing reports at the date for submission of reports to the ECB (i.e. 28 November 2017 for the third quarter of 2017; 30 August 2017 for the second quarter of 2017).

The status "received fully valid" denotes reports received by the ECB with no European Banking Authority (EBA) validation rule failing. The status "received with errors" denotes reports received by the ECB containing failing European Banking Authority validation rules. The status "missing" denotes reports expected but not received by the ECB. The status "rejected" denotes reports not accepted by the ECB owing to technical errors in the submission. The following abbreviations have been used:

AE: asset encumbrance;

COREP: common reporting;

LCR: liquidity coverage ratio;

LE: large exposures;

NSFR: net stable funding ratio;

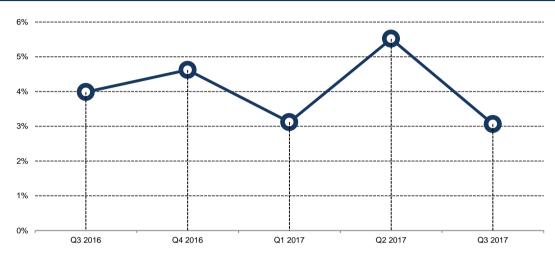
ALMM: additional liquidity monitoring metrics;

FINREP: financial reporting.

#### T06.03 Data quality: accuracy and consistency

(number of validation rules; percentages)

Finding	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017
Failing validation rules	84	122	70	148	71
Applicable validation rules	2,108	2,640	2,245	2,683	2,318
Failing as a percentage of applicable validation rules	3.98%	4.62%	3.12%	5.52%	3.06%



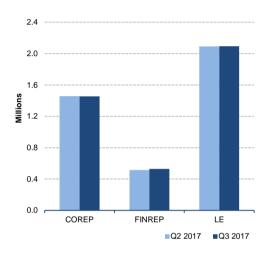
Source: ECB.

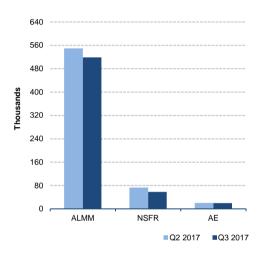
Notes: The chart shows the number and percentages of failed validation rules (VRs) compared with the total applicable validation rules according to the taxonomy published by the European Banking Authority (EBA) for each reporting period. This measures the accuracy of the reports received with respect to compliance with EBA validation rules. The reports considered are: asset encumbrance, common reporting, liquidity coverage ratio, large exposures, stable funding ratio, additional liquidity monitoring metrics and financial reporting. For this chart a cut-off date of 16 March 2017 is applied for all periods prior to the fourth quarter of 2016; for subsequent periods, the chart considers reports that were submitted to the ECB by the agreed submission date 28 November 2017.

### T06.04 Data quality: stability

(number of data points; percentages)

Reference period	COREP	FINREP	LE	ALMM	NSFR	AE
Q2 2017	1,457,150	514,837	2,091,338	549,331	72,992	20,430
Q3 2017	1,455,149	528,465	2,094,305	519,001	58,455	20,010
Difference	-2,001	13,628	2,967	-30,330	-14,537	-420
Percentage difference	-0.14%	2.61%	0.14%	-5.68%	-22.12%	-2.08%





Source: ECB.

Notes: The charts show the number of data points reported and the change between the second quarter of 2017 and the third quarter of 2017 as at the date for submission of reports to the ECB (i.e. 28 November 2017 for the third quarter of 2017; 30 August 2017 for the second quarter of 2017). The charts capture the degree of stability in the number of data points reported by the institutions.

The following abbreviations are used:

COREP: common reporting;

FINREP: financial reporting;

LE: large exposures;

ALMM: additional liquidity monitoring metrics;

NSFR: net stable funding ratio;

AE: asset encumbrance.

#### T06.05 Data quality: completeness

(percentages)

Module	Quarterly reports					
	Q2 2017	Q3 2017				
COREP	96.00%	94.00%				
FINREP	93.00%	91.00%				
AE	84.00%	84.00%				
LCR	94.00%	93.00%				
ALMM	68.00%	67.00%				
NSFR	90.00%	90.00%				
Total average	87.50%	86.50%				

Source: ECB.

Notes: The table shows submitted data points as a percentage of a set of pre-defined data points that are considered essential by supervisors to completing key supervisory tasks and have to be reported by all institutions irrespective of their size, business model or country of origin. The analysis is completed as at the date for submission of reports to the ECB for the third quarter of 2017 (i.e. 28 November 2017 for the third quarter of 2017; 30 August 2017 for the second quarter of 2017). Since some business models make certain data points redundant for individual entities, 100% completeness is not possible and rates over 80% are considered as satisfactory.

The following abbreviations are used:

COREP: common reporting; FINREP: financial reporting;

AE: asset encumbrance;

LCR: liquidity coverage ratio;

ALMM: additional liquidity monitoring metrics;

NSFR: net stable funding ratio.

#### T06.06 Data quality: plausibility

(number of detected non-plausible values)

Outlier hierarchy (Q3 2017)	Number of outliers selected
1	219
2	49
3	1,403
4	452
Total	2,123

Source: ECB.

Note: The table shows the number of outlying values (potentially non-plausible values) selected in data reported for the third quarter of 2017 as at the date 8 January 2018. The findings are based on a broader subset of data points considered key for supervisory activities compared to that used for completeness. The table shows findings after the application of a hierarchy of prioritisation (i.e. "1" relates to the category with highest priority and "4" the category with the lowest priority) based on a combination of several indicators.

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